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1,000,000 TONS

**SCAB COAL FOR** 

**BRIT PLUTES** 

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NEW Y Eurrent Evento

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE league of nations has done the the accomplishment may be of doubtful value to those most con-scerned. Thru a commission at the head cered. Thru a commission at the head of which was a virtuous English woman, 1,400 hundred christian girls have been saved from Arab harems. It seems that many of the girls luxuriating in the kindly presence of some Arabian chief did not take kindly to a proposal for liberation when they learned that freedom meant going to work at starvation wages or entering a life of shame under more unfavorable conditions than life in a harem.

SOME of those girls acted very much like the female dependents of the rich. When you mentioned work to them, said the English lady, they looked around at their quarters and it another cigarette. Every puriment to suggest the greatest contempt for the proposed change in their manner of living. How many of those parasites who go around on a paid commission to save souls would take any kindiler to an "hnoest living" than those they are "saving" on salary.

THE subject peoples of the earth can-not be saved by hypocritical busy-bodies or appeals to "the better side of their nature." Girls in harems, the of their nature." Girls in harems, the wives and daughters of capitalists, nuns in convents and women in factories, must eat or they will know the reason why. Under this glorious system of ours the working class can only eat at the pleasure of the boss. Those who come under the boss's displeasure, or for other reasons can't find work, live on somebody, or die. They die only as a last resort. Do

THE woman who admitted with a I chuckle that she was glad she killed her husband is quite a relie from the nonsense that other local husband-dispatchers get rid of when confronted with the remains of a mate-This woman who has earned our ap probation fought a twenty-eight-year duel with her man, with variable for Lest the contest might drag, she purchased a gun, and when her hus-band advanced to the fray last week ready to fight another round, his adversary pulled the trigger. In such a case "glad I killed him" is away ahead of the Babbittarian "I loved him so."

TIMES change. President Von Hindenburg of Germany received Vice Admiral Welles of the American navy who is visiting Germany. He had his bluejackets march up the Unter den Linden. No doubt the movies were on the job and in a few days we will see the picture on the screen. And the optience will applaud. Eight years ago the same optience would hiss the same Von Hindenburg cheerfully and any American caught shall ing hands with the old monarchist would not be handled too gently.

DRANK TINNEY, the comedian, is I held in double contempt, once by his wife and a second time by Judge Norman S. Dike. Tinney is famous as a laugh-producer, but it seems that he failed ignominiously with his wife. For the laughs he drew out of the public she is getting \$200 a week, but it is reported that every time Tinney makes out a check for that amount he scowls as unpleasantly as does his wife whenever she does not get the money. About the only avenue of relief to Tinney is to become a bum or a judge. Judges are above contempt, or is it the other way.

HERE is a piece of information that will knock the starch out of prehi bition agents and topers alike, both are usually synonymous: Oscar Jones, speaking before the Association for Medico-Physical Research at the Congress Hotel, declares that "starch drunkenness" is the cause of 90 per cent of the untimely, non-violent deaths that take place yearly in America. Now, then, let us suppose that prohibition means anything and people boycott moonshine, what is to stop them from filling up on starch and cheating the law?

We will send sample copies of The DAILY WORKER to your friends send us name and address.

## GEON MAY THROW SOME CHT ON PHILADELPHIA FAKE

N, Pa., Sept. 26.—An unofficial investigation into an age on the Gene Tunney-Jack Dempsey championship here today by Postmaster Clinton White.

Thursday morning a carrier pigeon hopped thru the door of the post-office, apparently tired from long flight. Postmaster White examined it and found a note under the identification band, "Tunney will win," was the message.

The registration number of the pig-

eon was A. J. Arc-21.

The pigeon made no attempt to continue its flight. Today it was to be held pending a report on its ownership

Postmaster White had intended let-

Postmaster White had intended let-ting the pigeon go, on the advice of newspaper men he is keeping it pea-ned up temporarily.

"The message may mean nothing and again it may mean a whole lot," Postmaster White said. "It does not seem probable that anyone is send-ing."

## TRAITORS GIVEN SHORT SHRIFT IN THE MINN. F

## Quigley and Holmes Enter Discard

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL (Special to The Daily Worker) MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 26.— The state and congressional campaign clash between the Farmer-Labor and

may be some connection between the two incidents.

Urge Shift to Democrats.

Both the Quigley "round robin" and the Holmes' repudiation urged a shift to the democrats. Two of those allowed the conduction of the democratic result in the conduction of the democratic result in the conduction of the con leged to have signed the Quigley "round robin" have been arranging meetings for Holmes in the northern part of the state, where he has been attacking the Farmer-Labor Party. It is charged, however, by Farmer-Labor Party headquarters here that the republican campaign bosses and not the The German delegation of working democratic politicians are behind this women also arrived today. The latter effort to create turmoil inside the delegation was greeted by processions

## **PHILLY BOSSES** SEEK WRIT TO **SMASH UNIONS**

## Ask Injunction Against **Building Trades**

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26. — The
plea of Master Plumber Daniel J.
Keating for an injunction against the
members and officers of the Building
Trades Council has been heard in common pleas court No. 1 before Judge
Harry S. McDevigt.
The hearing this morning concerned itself mostly with getting the cor-

ed itself mostly with getting the cor rect data on the officers of the various organizations belonging to the Build organizations belonging to the Build-ing Trades Council and on the offi-cers of the Building Trades Council. Plaintiff Daniel Keating, under fire from defense Attorney Henry John Nelson, succeeded in getting himself enmeshed in numerous contradictions in a very short time, but relief came in the form of an adjustment of in the form of an adjournment of court until Friday morning when the hearing will be continued.

find work, live on somebody, or die. They die only as a last resort. Do away with capitalism and all other kinds of exploitation will be on the way to disappear.

News that Gene Tunney had breakfast with ex-Governor Cox of Ohio gave birth to rumors that the man who cake walked for ten rounds with Jack Dempsey has his hat in the ring for the vice-presidency on the democratic white secured was to have been made public secured to be the democratic white hope at the head of the ticket. This would make a political contest only second to the grand fistic fiasco staged in Philly.

In state and congressional campaign leader with the Farmer-Labor and the republican parties here went to fever heat with the exposure of an attempt by the notorious Walter J. Quigley, which was caught shaking down bootleg-pers, to circulate a round robin among the council, the clause referring to the use of union plumbers on the building now strike out from the agreement with the Farmer-Labor Party by Emil Holmes, candidate for leave the material over to the campaign headquarters here.

This effort follows close on the heals of the repudiation of the Farmer-Labor Party by Emil Holmes, candidate for leave the campaign head and counting will be continued.

The trouble arose over the attempt of Daniel Keating will be continued.

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The trouble arose over the att

who turned the material over to the campaign headquarters here.

This effort follows close on the heels of the repudiation of the Farmer-Labor Party by Emil Holmes, candidate for lieutenant governor, and it is claimed by party officials that there may be some connection between the lieutenant governor, and it is claimed by party officials that there may be some connection between the lieutenant governor, and it is well known that a number of the production o powerful master builders are (Continued on page 2)

## More British Miners' Delegates in Russia: German Women Arrive

MOSCOW, Sept. 5. — (By Mail) — Today the second group of the British miners' delegation arrived in Moscow effort to create turmoil inside the delegation was greeted by processing of women from the Moscow factories, (Continued on page 2.)

## **VICTORY OF LIBERALS** MAY MEAN CANADIAN MINISTER TO STATES



The return of the liberals to power in Canada and the growth of American capitalist Influence in the dominion may result in the selection of a separate Canadian ambassador to the United States. Sentioned for the post is the wealthy Vincent Massey, manufacturer of agricultural implements, shown above, who stands for low tariff on American Imports.

## RESCUE SQUAD **DIGGING FOR BURIED MINERS**

## Three Electricians Are Killed Outright

(Special to The Daily Worker) IRONWOOD, Mich., Sept. 26. -Forty-three miners are entombed here since last Friday 800 feet underground in the G. Pabst iron mine.

A rescue party is toiling ceaselessly In an effort to reach the prisoners. The shaft is choked by twisted steel and rock.

cave-in blocked the exit. There are three men in the morgue whose lives war debts, etc.
were crushed out when the lift was
hurled to the bottom. The dead men
American juris

## BRITISH MINERS CALL DELEGATE CONFERENCE TO CONSIDER-POLICY

LONDON, Sept. 26 .- In consequence of Premier Baldwin's rejection of the miners' peace offer as the basis for a tripartite conference, A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, has summoned a delegate conference for Wednesday.

Cook said he hoped some avenue towards peace might be pened in the special session of parllament which convenes on

## **UNITED STATES** TURNS BACK ON **WORLD COURT**

## Coolidge's Army Went Down Before Voters

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Sept. 26. — Amer-can entrance into the world court almost faded entirely out of the inter-national picture today.

The official announcement at the White House that President Coolidge

does not approve the evasive manner in which the powers have dealt with the senate reservations, and that he is disinclined to submit a new protocol to the senate, thereby inviting a new and more acrimonious party struggle, was taken today as shoving the whole

More Opened Up.
At the time John Bassett Moore, the only American jurist on the court, was visiting in this country, administration recalcitrants insisted upon his opinion being consulted. Moore was called to Washington and he was asked point blank whether, as an American and as a jurist on the court, he considered the harding-Hughes-Coolidge reserva-tions to be sufficient. His reply, in

"If I am required to give a 'yes' or no' answer my reply is 'no.' " Sticks in The Joker.

Thereupen, justice Moore re-drafted the entire set of reservations, and add-ed the lamous with, which the leasue powers in their Geneva, conference have just failed to approve. This repowers in their Geneva conference have just failed to approve. This re-servation provides that the world court shall not render any advisory opinion in an international dispute in which the United States has or claims to have an interest, without the con sent of this government being specifically given in such a case.

To Protect Government.
Mr. Moore considered such a reservation absolutely necessary to protect the American government from

Thus, ironically enough, it was the American jurist on the court who wrote the reservations which now bid "The place to send all contribute to aid their women and children."

## LONGSHOREMEN GET WAGE RAISE, SHORTER HOURS, OVERTIME RATE

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 26 .- The longshoremen, checkers and eargo reairmen of the North Atlanito coast, Intl. Longshoremen's Asen., have signed an agreement for 80 cents an hour, 44-hour week all year, \$1.20 an hour for overtime, Sundays and holidays. Acceptance of the agreewas by vote of the me

## TELEGRAPHERS **BRITISH MINERS**

## Issue Strong Appeal to Membership

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ST. LOUIS-(FP)-The grand vision, Order of Railroad Telegraphers, has donated \$1,000 to the locked out British miners for the relief of their families. It is sending to all its members a strongly worded appear for further donations. The appear reads in part:

"The plea of the British miners is not for themselves—it is for their wives and dependents, and they urge that their fellow webers in swerpland help them to bring their strusgle to a successful conclusion by removing, so far as possible, their wives and children from the attacks being and children from the attacks being made upon themselves.

## Women and Children.

"They themselves are inured to danger, struggle and want, for they have been forced to go thru years of struggle to accomplish what the op erators would now so wantonly de stroy, but their women and children any snap "advisory opinions" that might conceivably be rendered in such contentious matters as immigration, war debts, etc.

"any snap "advisory opinions" that cannot bear, as they can, the burden of the struggle. Therefore, in the name of our common humanity and the justice of their cause, they ask

The head of the rescue squad expressed hope that the men would be taken out alive. It is believed that there is plenty of good water, air and food at their disposal.

Wrote the reservations which now bid fair to keep the United States permanently out of the tribunal.

There's a blank in this issue. Clip will receive to aid their womei and children.

"The place to send all contributions is Washington, D. C., to Frank Morrison, secretary American Federation of Labor, A. F. of L. Bldz who and children.

The freight movement over the Vestern Maryland railroad thru Cumperland has jumped from 500 to 700 oads a day. This time last year the daily movement was less than 360

All these trains pass thru Cumber Soft coal traffic of the Baltimore

& Ohio railroad for the first eight months of 1926 shows a large increase over the same period a year ago.

British Strike-Scab Coal.

"The British coal strike has been leading factor contributing to the larger volume of coal and coke movement," J. S. Armstrong, a financial

roads hauling coal to Hampton Roads and Baltimore for shipment to the British Isles are also happy. Every ton of "scab" coal shipped across the seas to smash the British miners strike swells the profits of American railroad owners.

A. F. OF L. CONVENTION SPECIAL

Order Now-31/2e a Copy.

## What the Party Must Do to Keep The Daily Worker

WORKER.

trict committee down thru the city committees, section committees, sub-section committees to the executive committees of actively and energ ally take up the campaign to KEEP THE DAILY WORKER.

Every member of the party must give support to this campaign and make the work to KEEP THE DAILY WORKER his first duty.

of the \$50,000 fund to KEEP THE DAILY WORKER has first call upon the whole party. There is no other work which takes precedence over it. There is no other work which has greater immediate importance for the

THE DAILY WORKER is the center of the activities of the party. Without
The DAILY WORKER, thru which to erful weapon of the party in these strucspeak to the party members, to the sympathizers of the party and to the mass of the workers, the work of the party will be crippled. There will be no cen tralizing influence, no organ thru which the party can express its views and give leadership in the day to day events of

the class struggle. Our party today is the leader in support of those policies and movements which stand for a forward movement by the workers of this country toward a militant class struggle for a higher standard of life, and against the powerful capital-

have been won during the last year, the greatest achievements in organizing of masses of the workers, the campaigns of resistance against the attacks of the capitalists, the movements in support of national groups exploited by the American imperialists, have been inspired and led by the Communists who are members of the Workers (Communist) Party. erful weapon of the party in these strug-

field of battle and wrench power from it.

ER is facing at the present time comes at a moment when the party has overist imperialists who today rule this counirome the great difficulties in its work, Quick action to raise \$10,000 immediately
try in the interest of greater profits for when the outlook for a faster advance and a campaign during the next three

These developments promise a broader base for The DAILY WORKER in the future. If The DAILY WORKER can overcome its present difficulties it has before it the opportunity of widening its support and gaining a position where the danger of losing this important weapon in the class struggle will no longer seriously threaten us.

Our party has carried the burden of giving the revolutionary movement in this country a militant daily voice for nearly three years. It succeeded in establishing The DAILY WORKER in spite of the almost insurmountable obstacles to the successful launching of such an enterprise. It kept The DAILY WORKER alive during these three years in spite of recurring financial crisis

T is the party—the party membership which must again rally to the support of The DAILY WORKER and carry it thru the present situation. It is primarily the party which must raise the money which will overcome the present crisis and place The DAILY WORKER on a sound footing to build itself and strengthon itself during the forward movement of the workers, so that it will no longer

face dangers such as the present. The danger to The DAILY WORKER is immediate. It must meet at once the accumulated deficts of the last year.

loyalty and support as will give The DAILY WORKER \$10,000 in the next ten days-a demonstration of loyalty and The DAILY WORKER that the party Baltimore & Ohio lines, the gain in membership will not permit this weapon this item has had an important bear this item has had an important bear total to be wrenched from the hands of the ing on the improvement in total party.

## How the Campaign Is to Be Conducted.

KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CER-TIFICATES have been printed in books ontaining \$5.00 worth of certificates.

these books of certificates or take a book of certificates from his nucleus secretary and sell the certificates, which are in denominations of \$1.00, 50c and 25c, among his friends, shopmates and brother union men, and thus raise his \$5.00.

Those members who can buy a book of certificates anl pay the \$5.00 must do so in order to help raise the \$10,000 which is needed immediately.

THE KEEP THE DAILY WORKER (Continued on page 2)

By C. E. RUTHENBERG, General Secretary, Workers (Communist) Party THE whole party must be mobilized for the exploiters. The DAILY WORKER is the campaign to KEEP THE DAILY the militant voice thru which the party are showing signs of engaging in more to the work before the party. are showing signs of engaging in more militant struggles and the movement what is needed for The DAILY expresses its policies and supports these Every party committee from the dismovements.

TURN to any phase of the class struggle ovements. among the workers to fight their exploiters is growing in volume.

in this country which expresses a forward movement of the workers, thru the workers have made ctual achievements and our party and The DAILY WORKER will be found to be the heart and center, the inspirer and organizer of these movements.

The strikes of major character which

We must KEEP THE DAILY WORK-ER so that this work may go on, so that these movements and struggles may take on even greater volume; so that out of them will develop a mass revolutionary movement against American imperialist capitalism, which can meet it upon the

The Situation of The Daily Worker.

THE crisis which The DAILY WORK-

WORKER is such a demonstration of

EVERY nucleus of the party has received direct instructions in regard to what the party members must do to KEEP THE DAILY WORKER.

Every party member must buy one of

CERTIFICATES are being distributed thru the district effices. Each nucleus secretary should immediately go to the district offices and secure the certificate books for the members of his nucleus. Do

Virginia Mines Make Huge Profits By GORDON CASCADEN. NORFOLK, Vs., Sept. 26.—Virginia fields are breaking all previous records for preduction of coal in the mines of this state, according to figures compiled by the Virginia State

Chamber of Commerce.
Shipments of fuel to Britain, to break the miners' strike, are re-

sponsible.

September promises to pass the highwater mark set in August. During that month production of coal in the Virginia fields set three or four records, C. B. Neel, of Norton, scretched the Virginia Coal Congretors.

tary of the Virginia Coal Operators' Association, announces: Production during the last week of August reached 271,100 tons, the largest single week's production. The total for August was 1,035,430 tons, the largest single month since February, this year, and the largest August in the history of the Virginia fields.

## 1,000,000 Tons Excess Production.

The total 1926 production, 8,825,000 to date, exceeds by 1,000,000 tons, the largest previous production in the history of the fields for the first eight months of the year.

This is the record of 71 active mines in Virginia. It represents 96 per cent expacity of these mines, which is as near to 100 per cent mos.

which is as near to 100 per cent pro-duction as mine operations get. Ratiroads bringing coal to Hampton Roads with its twin ports of Norfolk and Newport News, report September

### usiness up to the high August level Wartime Volume of Business.

Raffroads passing thru Cumberland Maryland, one of the most important division points for railroads hauling coal from the mines to Baltimore and other sasports, report business as equal to wartime volume.

Heavier traffic is expected during the next two weeks and more train-

the next two weeks and more train-men are being employed to care for it. The increase in business is much heavier than is usual at this time of

the year, altho the approach of win-ter is considered the peak period of railroad traffie. "Coal shows the greatest increase with production not abreast of the de-

mand," a press dispatch under a Cum 200 Car Loads per Day Increase

The Baltimore & Ohio is moving a ladly average of 1,000 trains from the Fairmont fields and another 1.000 from the Connellsville division. The Cumberland and Pennsylvania, which is fed by the Georges Creek field, is carrying 150 loads daily.

writer reports.
"As soft coal repre

holders of stocks of other rail-

SATURDAY, **OCTOBER** 

ISSUE

## **TRAITORS GIVEN SHORT SHRIFT IN** THE MINN, F.-L. P

## Quigley and Holmes Enter Discard

(Continue from Page 1) charged openly in the current issue of the Farmer-Labor Advocate, the official campaign publication.

is pointed out that the repubcandidates as their real opponents, are making a drive to shift as many farm votes as they can to democratic party, arguing that the democratic party is the party of pro-test and that nothing can be gained by a three-cornered fight thru continuing the Farmer-Labor Party in the

## Republicans Reveal Themselves.

Thus prominent republicans from dime to time have expressed the hope and the desire, thru their bought s, that something could be done to rehabilitate the democratic party as a minority opposition. Paralleled with this desire was the hope that some ner-Labor Party.

There are many connecting links to show that these wishes and hopes fathered the Quigley "round robin."

Quigley was formerly a non-partisar league organizer and later was active in the campaigns of Charles Lind-bergh, Floyd Olson and Tom Davis, the last of these, it is claimed, having spent about \$50,000 to capture the Farmer-Labor nomination for governor in the recent pprimaries that gave the nomination to Magnus John son. The Minnesota Union Advocate edited by William Mahoney, declares

### Quigley Has Checkered Career.

"Quigley has had a checkered career in the progressive movement. At different times he has assumed treacher ous attitudes and sought to profit by undermining the organization he was presumed to represent. He was activ in the campaign two years ago but his was always questioned When A. N. Jacobs was arrested for libeling Magnus Johnson, Quigley served as his attorney. This confirmed the suspicions that during the campaign while working on the state committee he was really supporting Tom Schall, (republican who was elected) against Magnus Johnson for

senator."
This Jacobs was best known as edi tor of The Harpoon, a shakedown sheet. He spent his time hanging around the state capitol when the "The fact appears to be indisputable that there is an extensive feeling within the Farmer-Labor Party that the beginning of the end of the third party movement in Minnesota has been passed, and that the demonstrate arty is destined to come here. legislature was in session.

Held Out as Balt. Quigley was careful to have a juley lure for his come-on game. He pointed out to the "lucky 15" who would sign his round robin that they would be the future leaders of the rehabilitated democratic party, which he now admits is nothing more than a corpse. Quigley paints a beautiful picture of democratic success in the 1928 presi dential elections, which will result in national democratic campaign funds and patronage flowing into the state

Information secured indicates that Quigley was already claiming that among those who had signed his round robin were Oscar Brekke, president o the non-partisan league faction of the Farmer-Labor Party; R. A. Trovat-ten, former member of the state legis-lature from Yellow Medicine county, and a man named Emil Hallgren and another named Carl Hulltin from Kit-son county. He also claims Sam son county. He also claims Sam Wallace of Perham. None of these has any real influence or standing be yond his own immediate circle. The Minnesota Union Advocate again

"It is generally believed that republican money and republican influence is back of the Quigley movement. Knowing the latter's sordid and unous character, it is not hard to understand how he could be induced to undertake this act of treachery to the progressive movement."

The Minnesota Union Advocate sur veys the republican fears as follows:
"The republican party recognizes that this is a farmer-labor year. The state administration has betrayed ag rigultural interests and thereby im posed continued stagnation on the entire state. The administration of the state government has been a monumental joke. Embezzlement and corruption and inclining have been rampant. The economy claims of the Christianson (republican) administration have been disproven by the increase in the cost of the government and the addition of high-priced office holders. The only way in which it is possible to prevent the defeat of the republican party is to destroy the morale of the farmer-labor supporters and cause a division amongst them. if Quigley and his bunch can take away 20,000 votes it may mean the success of the republican party which would be worth a good many thousands of dollars to the special interests. We believe the republi-cans would pay well for this sort of

Farmer-Labor Party Solidified

H. G. Teigan, secretary of the Farmer-Labor Party, points out that the Quigley maneuver can only succeed strengthening the farmer-labor stienable elements out of the er

## **GRAFT IN POST OFFICE EXPOSES** SCHEME OF RAILWAY COMPANIES: RIVAL RAILROADS WIN A SHARE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- FP) -- Three of the most hard-boiled enemies organized labor in the post-office department are in disgrace as a result of disclosure of unfair routing of mail between Chicago and Florida One of the Ohio Gang.

W. H. Riddell was appointed as general superintendent of the railway mail service when the Harding administration took control in 1921. One of his intimate friends was a former division superintendent of the service

who had been taken into the employ of the Southern Railway as its mail

Most of the big railroads have em

ployed ex-officials of the railway mail service as their mail traffic managers.

Their job is the getting for their respective roads as much of the mail hauling business as possible. The

bureauracy in the government service

is not permitted to forget that railway companies will have jobs for them in

the future if they throw business in

great increase in mail traffic has take

place in the past three years. The ordinary and shortest route for this

haul was over the Chicago & Eastern

Illinois, the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis and the Louisville & Nashville thru Evansville, Nashville, Chat

tanooga and Atlanta. But Genera

Superintendent Riddell began diverting the traffic to the Big Four as fa

as Cincinnati and then over the South ern thru to Florida.

This gave a long and very profitable

haul to the Southern and much pres

tige to his friend, the mail traffic man ager of the Southern. It hurt the mid

dle western roads that had expected

ganization, which is always told that the government cannot afford to give them better conditions, joined in show

Postal inspectors investigated and reported. Gross inefficiency in handling the mail was indicated. Riddell

was also charged with refusal to obey

orders from the heads of the depart-ment. Finally he was demoted to the

rank of division superintendent, while the division superintendents at Cincin-

nati and Atlanta were likewise de

suspicion. It is charged, for instance

that Quigley was in close collabora-tion with Fred H. Carpenter, of the

Carpenter-Shevlin Lumber company,

a republican boss, in his attacks on the farmer-labor party.

"We may lose a few so-called lead-

ers," declares Teigan, but the entire

at great length in an effort to give importance to the Holmes-Quigley in

cratic party is destined to come back with old school leaders or new one

Need Militant Elements

and in the elections of Magnus John

the first party. It was weakened by

the great railroad strike in 1922, when

many of the railroad unions in this state were practically annihilated. It

lost in morale by the attack on the

Communists within the party under the direction of conservatives. These

conservatives within the movemen

have never been an energizing influence. It is felt, however, that the

Farmer-Labor movement is on the

upgrade in this campaign, that a real-

ly party spirit is being developed

been attacked and persecuted by the

didates.

party's ranks.

this state.

ong the workers and farmers of

and Henrik Shipstead became

in control of its fortunes."

cident. It says:

to have the business. They plained. The railway mail clerks

ing up the game.

ment.

moted.

the right direction.

Between Chicago and Florida

traffic manager.

## POLITICAL POT SIMMERING IN **EMPIRE STATE**

## Plute Parties Are Picking Jockeys

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 26-The New York state political pot, which has been sizzling for the last few weeks,

started boiling in earnest today. The republican state convention will get under way at Madison Square Sarden, New York City on Monday while the democratic convention will start the same day at Syracuse.

G. O. P. Picking Candidate. Gov. Al. Smith will be renominated Gov. Al. Smith will be renominated by the democrats and there is every indication that the republicans will pick Representative Ogden L. Mills of New York as their gubernatorial

United States Senator James W for re-election. Supreme Court Jus-tice Robert F. Wagner, of New York, close friend of Gov. Smith, will be nominated by the democrats for United States senator to oppos

To Dodge Liquor.

A declaration favoring modification of the Volstead act will be made in the democratic state platform, it was said here today on high authority. If mention of prohibition will be made in the republican platform, accord

## UNITED STATES ganization that have long been under NOT INVITED TO TANGIER MEET

## rank and file will remain loyal to the France and Britain Are Farmer-Labor Party." The capitalist Tribune editorialises the Hosts

MADRID, Spain, Sept. 26. -United States will be left out in the cold while Great Britain, France, Spain and Italy meet early in No rember to discuss the future status of the Tangler international zone. This information was conveyed by the Spanish foreign minister who felt orry for the slight but could do othing about it.

It appears that Spain had extended an invitation to the United States on Sept. 1st and the United States ac-The Farmer-Labor Party is, of ourse, the second party in the state, cepted. Afterwards Spain was forced drop claim to Tangier and does not seem to be particularly worrie just now, who sits in on the confer

France and Great Britain are the main instigators of the conference and Spain and Italy are simply tol-

## **Hub Clothing Bosses** Sign New Agreement with the Amalgamated

BOSTON-(FP)-Twenty-four Bos the state, instead of a mere attempt to win a few places for leading canton clothing manufacturers have signed the new agreement drawn up The attack of the enemy by the Amalgamated Clothing Work will only result in solidifying the ers' Union. The agreement requires party's ranks. There is no doubt that the readmis- ion with weekly statements of rec sion of militant elements that have ords of garments cut, so that comparitraitors now being exposed, into the the garments shipped to contractor Farmer-Labor Party will have the shops for finishing. This will enable needed, strengthening influence on the union to check up on the conthe drive for independent political act tract shops and take steps to prevent of the workers and farmers in work being done by nonunion constate.

## TAMMANY HALL GOPS ARREST DICK MOORE, NEGRO LABOR LEADER

NEW YORK, Sept. 26 .- The ar rest of Richard Moore, Negro leader, has brought much protest from such organizations as the American Civil Liberties Union, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters and others. Moore was arrested as he was speaking at an open air meeting in Negro Harlem denouncing the policy of Harlem nouncing the policy of Hariem theaters in paying less than the union scale to Negro moving picture operators. Police drove an automobile into the audience; dispersing the meeting and Moore was taken to the police station, charged with disorderly conduct at the complaint of the proprietor of the Lafayette Theater. The case was postponed. Moore is secretary of the New York council of the American Negro Labor Congress.

## STRIKE CALLED TO AID ORGANIZE **DURANT FACTORY**

## A. F. of L. Conducts N. J. Drive

(Special to The Daily Worker) ELIZABETH N. J., Sept. 26. - An

organization drive conducted by the American Federation of Labor to unionize the big plant of the Durant Motor company in Elizabeth has re-sulted in a walk-out of the entire trimning department of several hundred workers thus far.

This had been preceded by a lockout of two days duration after which

all but those active for unionization were taken back. Picket lines are being formed at all gates and A. F.

of L. organizers are on the job.

Mass Picketing.

A mass picket demonstration was staged Friday and the strikers' appeal was well received by the workers still in the plant, Their slogan is, "100 Per Cent Line".

Cent Union."

A mass meeting is being arranged by the machinists' union and is being extensively advertised by a dodger campuign conducted by the strikers.

## Fascist Head Gunman Insults Mussolini; Lands in Rome Jail

ROME, Sept. 26. — Amerigo Dumini who organized the fascisti in Florence and was charged with being the organ izer of the murder of Deputy Matte otti, was arrested in Rome charged with offenses against the Premier Mussolini.

Dumini, who has been a strong sup porter of Roberto Farinacci, former fascist political chief, several days ago met a personal opponent of Farinacci in the Piazza Colonna. It is alleged that Dumini insulted Farinacci's opponent and made violent remarks conerning Mussolini

Send us the name and address of a progressive worker to whom we can send a sample copy of The DAILY WORKER.

## BEN GITLOW TO SPEAK AT CHICAGO ELECTION CAMPAIGN RALLY, OCT. 6

second election mass meeting to be held under the auspices of Local Chicago of the Workers (Com munist) Party is to be held at Emmett Memorial Hall, corner Ogden and Taylor, on Wednesday, October 6th, at 8 p. m. The principal speaker of the eve-

ning will be Benjamin Gitlow, can-Workers (Communist) Party ticket in the 1924 elections. Gitlow has been touring the east in the election campaigns and comes to Chicago to address this meeting on "The Workers and the Elections."

## WHAT ARE YANK **GUNBOATS DOING** UP IN HANKOW?

## Sharp Query Sent to Kellogg

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 26 .- News that American marines on board the Pigeon were wounded while the ship patrolled the civil war zone near Hankow on the Yangtze River, China, prompted Dr. Harry F. Ward, chairman of the American Committee for Justice to China, to inquire what American war-ships were doing in that vicinity. Ward's wire to Frank Kellogg, United tates secretary of state, reads: Question Authority for Acts.

"The newspapers report that Amer can destroyers are steaming to Hankow, 600 miles up the Yangtze River in the interior of China, despite in structions by the Chinese local author ities for all foreign vessels to move downstream because of the state of civil war about that city. Other units of the United States navy seem to be patrolling the same river about Hankow and United States marines have been wounded on board the Pigeo and other ships in the civil war zon have been fired upon. We would re-spectfully ask under what clause of what treaty the United States claims the right to patrol Chinese internal waters with its warships and what act of congress authorizes action which is so likely to involve the United States both in the Chinese civil war and in possible conflicts between China and other foreign pow-ers."

Prominent Persons on Committee. On the national committee of the American Committee for Justice to China are, among others, Glent Frank, president Wisconsin Univer sity; Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Bishop S. J. McConnell, William Allen White Dr. Stephen S. Wise, James H. Mauer president Pennsylvania State Federa-tion of Labor, and a number of other labor and church leaders.

## ENTRANCE OF U.S. INTO COURT IS A DIM PROBABILITY

## Geneva Action Puts It in Far Future

(Special to The Dally Worker) WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Ameria's actual entrance into the work ourt has been projected into the din and misty future, if it has not been forestalled entirely, by the action of the powers at Geneva in evading the fifth of the senate's reservations.

Concensus of Opinion. This represents the concensus of pinion in Washington, pro-court and anti-court alike. The irreconcilables are elated over the refusal of the powers to accept the fifth reservation which states that the world court may not render an advisory opinion in any case in which the United States "has or claims to have" an interest, without the consent of this government be

ing specifically given.

The pro-court forces are correspondent ingly glum, and yet withal rather helpess to remedy it.
Can Only Resubmit.

If the powers abide by the decision reached at Geneva—and there is every reason to believe they will—the only way the United States can enter the ourt is for President Coolidge to re submit the question to the senate.

## Soviet Concessionaire Decides to Negotiate With Russ Labor Union

MOSCOW, Sept. 5. - (By Mail) pean Telegraph Agency whose em ployes are on strike has proposed the nations assembly today passed a reso-opening of negotiations to the Post and Telegraphic Workers' Union adopt the procedure of conciliation as which is conducting the strike. The union has accepted the proposal.

## TELEGRAPHERS ENROLL OVER THREE HUNDRED MEMBERS IN AUGUST I

ST. LOUIS—(FP)— The Order of Railroad Telegraphers enrolled 374 new members in August. Their total membership is 35,000 according to the A. F. of L. executive council report.

## RAIL MEDIATION **BOARD MAY SOON GET SHOW DOWN**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—(FP)— Five members of the board of media tion provided by the Watson-Parker railway act and appointed by Presi-dent Coolidge to handle disputes arisdent Coolidge to handle disputes arising between rail management and rail labor are busy in various parts of the country, clearing the ground of minor difficulties. The big problems have not been approached closely.

No Big Issue Settled.

In the offices of the rail unions and the railroad companies the labor representation issue has not been brot to a settlement. Both sides wait for

to a settlement. Both sides wait for a test case involving the standard rail labor unions and some of the big rail labor unions and some of the big roads that have fought these unions in past years to come to the board for its "interpretation of the law," which is the technical name of one of its opinions.

Pennsy Keeps Company Union.
Union men are looking for a struggle involving the Pennsylvania lines, where the company union is still reported submissive to President Atterported Submission Submis bury and the company detectives still active in spotting and removing trade union organizers. The Machinists' grand lodge has issued a circular invitation to its membership to send in statements of cases in which union men have heen discriminated the works. Cutters and other key emular men have heen discriminated the works. Cutters and other key emular men have heen discriminated.

send in statements of cases in which union men have been discriminated against by rail bosses for union membership or union activity.

When the facts are in hand the Machinists will demand that the company join it in creating a board of adjustment. If the company replies as it is expected to reply—that a majority of its shopmen refuse to affiliate with the trade union and are represented by the company union—the trade union will appeal to the rederal board and that body will have to give an opinion as to how the trade unionists can protect themselves when working on the Pennselves when working on the Pennselves when working on the Pennselves when working on the partial works. Cutters and other key employes joined the semi-skilled. Only eight stayed on.

The old Rough Stuff.

The police rushed to the factory in the patrol wagon and began the familiar rough stuff with the girl pickets, tho there was no provocation. But organized labor pressure caused a change in police tactics and the next day the police were begging the sirilar parallel was no provocation. The only demands of the strikers are that the 11 workers who were victimized be reinstated by the boss and that the firm agree to collective baryaining. The nucleus of a union was and whan formed it will

and that the firm agree to collective bargaining. The nucleus of a union and find that the Watson-Parker act means something. Either they will be a local of the Amalgamated Clothing that it means that trade union membership shall be made safe on hostile roads, or they will find that the law does not protect trade union. the law does not protect trade unionists. In the latter case the law will be just another scrap of paper, and the trade unionists will have done with it.

Thus far the board of mediation has received between 60 and 70 disputes of all kinds and is scattered from Boston to San Francisco at the job of mediating them. The biggest case—the wage demands of the con-ductors and trainmen on eastern lines—is being handled by Chairman Winslow. Commissioner Hanger is in Boston, Morrow in Chicago and Williams and Davies on the Pacific oast.

## Queen Coming Despite Ferdie's

PARIS, Sept. 26. — The illness of King Ferdinand will not prevent Queen Marie of Roumania from sailing for the United States on the Leviathan on October 12, according to a telegram received today by Ira Nelson Morris, former American ambas sador to Sweden just prior to his sail ing on the Aquitania for New York.

GENEVA, Sept. 26. - The league of established at Locarno by mutual se

## SCAB CLOTHIERS LEFT CHI ONLY TO MEET WORSE

## Retribution Dodges the Sweater's Trail

By MAUD McCREERY, Federated

Press.
WAUKEGAN, III.—(FP)—It ran away from Chicago, away from the power of the union that had wrung decent working conditions and decent pay out of its miserly grasp. It made tracks for Waukegan where the cham-P. R. Company Union
The Big Issue

(special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—(FP)—
Five members of the board of mediaand every exploiter that failed to make good under civilized conditions elsewhere. It established itself, paid starvation wages, violated the child labor law, ignored the sanitary regulations, double-crossed its employes, thought it could laugh at the union from its runaway perch in Waukegan, and now—it is strikebound, sewed up and now—it is strikebound, sewed up tighter than one of its own coat but-tons, by the walkout of 122 of its

130 workers. Could Not Get Far Enough.

The disillusioned runaway is the Granert L. Rothschild coat and overcoat shop, formerly of Chicago, now of Waukegan. Its unsavory record in Waukegan caused the chamber of commerce to regret its invitation, compelled the state's attorney to prosecute it for violation of the industrial code and brought it to con fess to a plea of guilty in court. Its slave-driving and bloodsucking labor policy roused its employes to such a ferment that they began to whisper organization, then plan it and finally to shout it in on open meeting.

## Strikel

organization committee and struck the works. Cutters and other key em-

## Philly Bosses Seek Union Smashing Writ

(Continued from page 1) Keating's attempt to smash the Build-

ing Trades Council.

The officers of the Building Trades Council interpret this move as a direct attempt to establish the open shop in the building industry in Philadelphia, and are ready to fight for the maintenance of the union standards and union control in the industry.

Names Many Union Officials. The following were named in Mr.

Keating's plea: Joseph W. Allison of the Associated Building Trades of Philadelphia and Vicinity; James A. Kelly of the United Association of Plumbers, Local 123; Charles A. Wills of the United Asso-ciation of Steamfitters and Helpers, Local No. 420; James Cooley of the Hoisting and Portable Engineers, Local No. 506; International Union of Elevator Operators and Starters, Local No. 69; Charles P. Sweeney of the Quaker City District Council Wood, Wire and Metal Lathers: James Mc Devitt of the Operative Plasterers. Cement Finishers, Asphalt and Composition Floor Layers, Local No. 532; Arthur Hill and Otto C. Kolb of the District Council No. 1, Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhang-ers, and James Ford of the United

## Reminded of Naval War Preparations

are reminded by the St. Louis Labor. Rear Admiral Moffet, naval air chief, announced plans for expenditure during the fiscal year of approximately \$12,000,000 made available by congress for purchase of new naval airplanes. The program is expected to add 282 ships to the navy air fleet, 100 of them being fighting planes, 47 obser-vation planes, 61 bombing, torpedo and scouting planes, and 74 training planes. Designs for the new planes will be determined in competitive flight tests, and the navy department expects about 24 airplane manufactur-ing concerns to participate in the com-petition. Thus competitive armament between the capitalist countries of the world goes on indefinitely and the people's money by the hundreds of millions is used for the purpose of legalized murder on masse and whole CTION OF PROPER

## What the Party Must Do to Keep THE DAILY WORKER which will be responsible for carrying out | a \$50,000 KEEP THE DAILY WORKER

not wait for them to be sent. Show co-operation in the campaign by helping at every point to carry thru the plan of work which has been outlined.

Setlements for the certificates sold should be made at every nucleus meeting and the money remitted promptly to The DAILY WORKER. Quick action is necessary at every point in order to KEEP THE DAILY WORKER.

THE sale of the KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CERTIFICATES should not only be carried on thru the party members in the nuclei. Every language fraction should hold a KEEP THE DAILY WORKER meeting and organize to carry the campaign for contributions into the fraternal and other organizations of which they are members. The fight of The DAILY, WORKER for the protection of the foreign-born workers should be the

basis of this campaign.

ty should take up the campaign and car-ry it into the trade unions of which they are members, selling the certificates to the members and securing donations from the unions themselves. The fight of The DAILY WORKER for militant trade unionism and support of the workers' strikes should be the basis of this phase of the campaign.

Our 10,000 party members, if they mobilize their strength and organize for the work, if they make use of every avenue of raising funds can raise the needed to KEEP THE DAILY

## The Organization of Campaign Committees.

KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CAM PAIGN COMMITTEES must be organized in every leading committee of the party. Every district committee must orbasis of this campaign.

Every trade union fraction of the paper chairmanship of the district erganizer, the reach of 19,000 party members to raise DAILY WORKER.

the campaign. Every city committee must organize

such a committee. Where there are section and sub-sections KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES must be organized by the section and sub-section committees.

THE leading committees must organize the party speakers and send them to the nuclei, to the language fractions, to the trade union fractions, to mobilize these units of the party and stimulate their activity in support of the campaign.

Membership meetings should be called in the smaller cities for the whole city and in the larger cities by sections at which the campaign is outlined and the activity organized.
We Can KEEP THE DAILY WORKER.

THE party can keep The DAILY WORKER if it mobilizes its strength

FUND.

What is needed, what must be done, is that the party, down to the last member, is mobilized for this work, that all its strength and enthusiasm is thrown into the campaign.

WE can make the KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN an impressive mobilization of the party.
WE MUST MAKE IT THAT.

WE MUST SHOW WHAT THE PAR TY CAN DO WHEN IT THROWS ALL ITS STRENGTH INTO THE BALANCE—WHEN IT IS FORCED TO

FIGHT TO KEEP ITS MOST IMPOR-

TANT WEAPON IN ITS HANDS.

THAT IS THE KIND OF CAMPAIGN WE MUST HAVE. THAT IS THE KIND OF A CAMPAIGN WE ASK THE PARTY MEMBERS AND THE LEAD-ING COMMITTEES OF THE PARTY TO ORGANIZE AND KEEP THE

## BRITISH T. U.C. IS STIRRED BY **WOMEN'S VOICE**

## Deliver Ultimatum To Fossilized Officials

(FP)—"The British Trades Union congress still fails to take the women workers seriously, as was shown at the Bournemouth sessions early this the Bournemouth sessions early this month," said Dorothy P. Gary of the Minneapoils Teachers' union in passing thru Chloago back to her Job from a summer in Europe. At the British labor meet she assisted Scott Nearing and Bill Ross, the Federated Press correspondents who had been assigned to cover it.

"One of the liveliest sessions was that assigned to the women, but it

that assigned to the women, but it was the rank and file delegates and not the officialdom that made it so," Gary relates. "While the number of women in industry has reached 4,000,000 only 800,000 are organized.
"This large heady of workers about

"This large body of workers, about one-fourth of the total British work-ing class, is proving, when unorganized, a menace to many unions, and a drag on the entire movement. The bulk of the women are in the clerical, semi-professional, textile and clothing trades. They drive down the wages of organized workers and in time of strike they scab.

Many Militant Women Unionist "On the other hand, in many la-bor battles, women unionists have demonstrated that women make as militant fighters as the men.

"This first annual women's trade union conference had 85 delegates in all. 48 women and 37 men. resolutions were moved by men mem bers, and the fourth by a woman member of the council.

Women Waste No Time.
"The protest from the women delegates began immediately. With great oandor and rather pointed humor, these women unionists expressed their disappointment. Bilen Wilkinson, labor organiser and newly did the general council draw up these harmless resolutions? We unionized comen have some ideas on the sub-ect. Why are so few women on this program?

program?

Pointed Remarks.

"Delegate Horan, National Union of General Workers, stated, 'This program savors of a happy evening for the poor. Too much time is spent on plans to organize workingmen's wives, and too little on the woman in industry.'

"This silly stuff, another woman

"This silly stuff, another woman delegate said, reminds me of that Daily Herald poster there: Women Will Like the Popular Picture Page

in the Daily Herald.

Want Freedom of Action.

"Ruby Part, Women Workers' Union, told her experiences in organizing women. She ended with the statement, 'This policy of spoon-deeding the women is detrimental to trade unionism.' She was followed by Dorothy Evans, Women Clerks and Secretaries' linear women she dispensed. and Secretaries' Union, who also dis-

cussed methods. "The conference discussion, which continued 3 hours, showed that the British labor movement does not lack intelligent trained women ready to tackle the problems which especially concern the working woman. It also showed a growing independence, and determination on their part to demand their full responsibilities in the

"In all good humor, the women told the general council, 'If you would let us handle this question it would be much better."

### Alfonso and Rivera Reach Compromise on VATICAN PEACE Spanish Government

MADRID, Sept. 26.-While the results of the recent cabinet meeting with the king are still a profound secret, it is believed from the announcements so far made that the king and Primo de Rivera have reached a compromise that will tend to forestall any republican revolution.

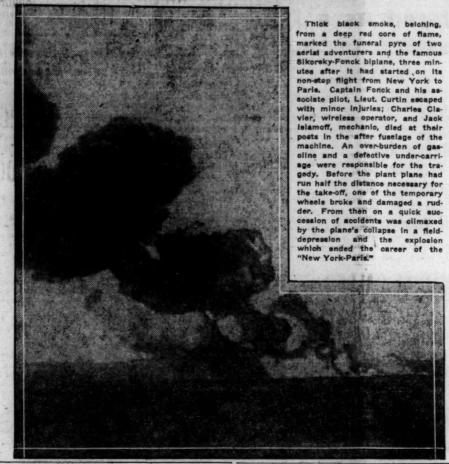
king has evidently forced Dictator de Rivera to yield to the demand for constitutional forms of government. De Rivera had previously insisted that his dictatorship must go on for three years. Now the national assembly is to be called for November.

On the other hand nine high of-ficers of the artillery corps are announced to retire from command. This apparently is in line with de Rivera's demand for a reorganization of the corps and indicates that the king has

given way to him on that issue.

De Rivêra's own retirement is the subject of conjecture. Some rumor he will be forced to retire gracefully with advent of the national assembly De Rivera's enemy, or one of them among the conservative party, Sanchez Guerra, has been called in by the king. Senor Guerra opposed de Rivera so bitterly that he refused to attend hirthday receptions of the king and because they were support

## The Funeral Pyre of an Air Adventure



## **ALLIANCE WITH** BRITISH LABOR **WILL NOT BREAK**

## Russ Union Head Says Bond Unbreakable

(Special to The Dally Worker) MOSCOW, Sept. 3 — (By Mail)—Inconnection with the refusal of the British government to permit the delegation of the labor unions of the U. S. S. R. to the British Trade Union Congrees in Bournemouth to land, com rade Melnichansky, a member of the Presidium of the Central Council of the Soviet Labor Unions declared:

Strike Was Political.
"This fact merely corroborates the political nature of the events in Great Britain. From the very first day of the miners' struggle the British bourrecisie in the person of the conserva tive government grasped the political significance of the attitude of the workers and put the whole power of the state into operation in order to throttle the general strike. "The British bourgeoiste and the

conservative government have at-tempted to isolate the miners from the outside world. The refusal of permission to land is without doubt an act of revenge against the Central Council of the labor unions of the U. S. S. R. because of their regular as sistance of the British miners in their struggle.

Cannot Break Alliance. "The British government has the apparatus necessary to prevent our ourney to Great Britain, but it will never succeed in breaking our alliance with the British trade union movement or in preventing us giving assistance to the fighting working class of Great Britain."

# PACT BLOCKED

(Special to The Daily Worker) BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Sept. 26.—The government was prevented by the socialists from settling the dispute with the vatican over the appointment of an archbishop over Argentina. The conflict with the pope is a year old and originated with the refusal of the government to accept a papal appointee who was persons

non grata, The government had intended to settle the vatican question by having the senate select three candidates for submission to the vatican as candi-dates for the office of archbishop, the vatican to select his favorite from the three.

Unless the socialists compromise the struggle is liable to intensify and produce internal complications

## Soviet Labor Unions Send Relief Fund by Millions to British

MOSCOW, Sept. 5. — (By Mail) The Presidium of the Central Council of Soviet Labor Unions has decided to send the British Miners' Federation the Boulogne baker who holds the the amount of the contributions which the Boulogne baker who holds the the amount of the control with record for swimming the English chanhave at present come in together with have at present come in together with the in- an advance upon future collections, nel, has tentatively accepted the invitation of the American Bakers' Association to visit the United States.

an advance upon future collections, making a sum of 3,000,000 roubles, or \$1,500,000.

## CANTONESE CALL OFF ANTI-BRITISH BOYCOTT FOR RECOGNITION, BELIEF

PEKING, Sept. 26. - Reports PEKING, Sept. 26. — Reports reached here from Canton that the anti-British boycott in progress there for a long time had been called off. Opinion here is that such action must be based on de jure recognition of the Cantonese government by Great Britain.

## **MEXICO CHAMBER REFUSES PLEA OF** CATHOLIC CLERGY

## Insubordinate Bishops **Are Not Citizens**

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 26: - The Mexican chamber of deputies today formally rejected the catholic epis-copate's petition for amendment of the constitution and adopted resolutions declaring that Archbishop Mora y del Rio and Bishop Ascual Diaz have for-felted their rights to Mexican citizenship by opposition to the constitu

## Refuse Arms Embargo

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 26.—Directly contrary to the policy adopted by the United States, the Mexican govern-ment has decided against the establishment of an embargo on the ship-ment of arms and munitions to Nica-ragua, the International News Service learned today. The American gov-ernment has taken a stand forbidding

ernment has taken a stand formating such shipments.

Mexican officials are represented as taking the stand that an arms' em-bargo is not necessary in Mexico because there are no large private manufacturers of arms in this country.

## Spain's Dictatorship IN ARGENTINE Tottering as Infantry Grows Cold to Prim

refused to sign a decree drawn by de Rivera limiting the powers of the national assembly to a consultative

The dictator's intention to go ahead with the decision to punish the ring-leaders of the recent rebellion is said to have lost Rivera the sympathy of the infantry among whom he was popular because of his atttack on the artillerists, the aristocrats of

the days of the dictatorship are num-bered. King Alfonso is now hoping to gain credit for the restoration of

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—Admiral Robert Wells, U. S. N., Commander Delaney, U. S. N., and 100 members of the crew of the U.S. S. Memphis, now in port at Kielr are arriving in Berlin this afternoon to be the guests of the Ber-

## **BRIAND LOOKS** LONGINGLY AT

## Staking Political Life on German Entente

(Special to The Daily Worker) PARIS, France ,Sept. 26.—Aristide Briand is getting lonesome out of the emiership and is greasing the skids for Poincare according to indications. Briand, as toreign minister has more to do will determining France's for-eign policy than any other individual in the republic and he is now staking his political life on a Franco-German

## Preparing a Return.

Briand is said to be looking around for timber for a left government head-ed by himself. The Poincare crowd on the other hand want a wholly con sarvative government. The national union government has not produced

## Police of Capitalist Nations to Ignore Law

In connection with the failure of In the beginning, even the Executive the Hungarian police to discover the Committee of the Comintern paid compersons alleged to be responsible for paratively little attention to our work; the explosion in the ammunition as however we always tried to link up

the police authorities of many European governments urge the establishment of international police communication and co-operation in order to carry on pursuit of Communist organizations in various countries.

## Co-operative Section

**NEWS AND** 

## Progress and Poverty---In Ideals

THE period 1864-1869 saw the formation of the Co-operative Printof the original aims and ideals the surance company. The first National Co-operative Congress was held in London, 1869, and was responsible for the creation of the central board, from which twenty years later sprang the Co-operative Union. The union is a propagandist federation of the major-type of the co-operative minimum waste. ity of Co-operative Societies in Great Britain. It looks after the legal in-terests of the movement, and conducts the educational side by means of literature, lectures, classes, summer schools, etc., and is advocating and organizing the formation of a Co-oper-ative College, Once a year it organ-izes a National Co-operative Congress and exhibition of productions. This functions in a similar way to the Trades Union Congress. Many resolutions of a progressive character await fulfilment in the far-away future, or else are quietly buried.

### Material Progress and Education.

Material progress has handicapped education. As long ago as 1883 the Wholesale Annual stated: "We regret to find that educational grants do not keep pace with the general growth of societies. Necessity led many of the old co-operators to study co-operation; but the growth of profits which has re-sulted from that study appears to make many young ones care less than the old ones. Now, unless the young ones are taught what co-operation means, and what it is calculated to do, how are we to prepare our future directors, managers and other officers? Our opinion is that it will pay every older generation still lives and guides them."

The Guild has for its objects: The organization of women, as co-opera-tors, for the study and practise of (1) co-operation and other methods of social reform; (2) improved conditions of domestic life. The Guild had 1,077 branches, and a membership of over 51,000 in 1923. There is a Men's Co-operative Guild very much smaller in membership (only 5,320) and inconcern in which they are employed,

1871 saw the birth of the Co-opera tive News, and the publishing side has steadily developed since then. The movement now publishes two weekly newspapers, six monthlies, and a quarterly. The total circulation of all these publications was 932,000 copies in 1921, only about 24 per cent of the membership of the whole movement. (And this is not an exact proportion, as naturally an interested member probably subscribes to more than one

paper.)
"Federalism" and "Individualism" During these years an acute contro versy raged between the advocates of federal co-operation, the "federalists," and the champions of production by the workers, the "individualists." Let each side speak:—The Federalist:— 'We want an organization of the society to devote at least 2½ per cent of its net profits to education, and that, though societies may and do succeed without this, yet it is because the member, and purchase from it. The practical question before us is whether

Toynbee and Stuart uttered similar capacity, seek to utilize their rapidly warnings. To counteract this ignoring growing capital by producing for themost the original aims and ideals the selves the staple articles of their own withdraw their dividend from the stores, and to set up independent companies, which will seek, like any or dinary manufacturer or wholes dealer, to get the highest prices to their goods from such stores as che to deal with them."

To this the individualist replies: What is the federal system? To have body of men like those employed in the wholesale society's shoe works at Leicester, governed by a manager who is appointed by a committee elected by a large number of voters? and yet they are told that they are their own employers. If, then, a few men share the results of their own work, they are their own employers, but if one or one hundred men hire a number of other men who may be arbitrarily discharged, and over whom they have complete control, ft is a mockery to call such men their own employers. The effect of such Cooperation would be to make it impos-sible for any workman ever to be his own employer. It would go on perpe-tuating trade unions and strikes all the world over. To the federal scheme, put forward as a general rule for reg ulating co-operative industry, we make the objection that the bulk of the profits will go, not to the working pro-ducers in any shape, but to the wealthy consumers."

Some of the federalists, to overe this argument, advocated a bonus to iabor employed in the stores and pro-ductive societies. But the trend of events, and the extension of the wholesale's productive side, settled the argu-

## Communist Activities in the Cooperatives

The Communist International and its sections thruout the world are progressively taking a more active part in the development of workers and farmers co-operatives. The fol-lowing is extracted from a report on Communist activities in the cooperatives made by Comrade KRU-GER at the Co-operative Conference held in Moscow, during the sessions of the last Enlarged Executive of the Communist International.

. . . OUR co-operative work is indeed still in its initial stage, and we cannot yet boast of specially great danger point and Poincare's drastic decrees have not satisfied the people.

Notorious Mills of the people. ative work is advancing slowly but surely in a number of countries such Poincare, the most notorious sword- as Czecho-Slovakia, England, France titler in Europe outside of Mus. and Switzerland. But even in these blini, has been remarkably pacifist countries, the connection between the on the surface since his return to power, tho it is apparent that he is still spending French francs bolstering to the the military machines of Poland and Roumania.

The connection between the Communists working in the Co-operatives and the centres of the corresponding sections of the Comintern is not yet established in such a way as would be desirable and necessary. In no country of Western Europe is there so close a contact between the Communist Co-operatives and the Central Nations to Ignore Law in Jailing Communists

Committee of the Communist Parties, as for example, in Soviet Russia. The Central Committees of the Communist MOSCOW, (By Mail) The Pravda attention to co-operative work, do not yet allocate sufficient party forces to the work and so on.

Spain's Dictatorship
Tottering as Infantry
Grows Cold to Primo
PARIS, France, Sept. 26.—The dictatorship of Primo de Rivera is either about to end or else Spain is for a civil war if General Berenguer, commander of the king's guard and mortal enemy of the dictator accepts the premiership offered to him by Alfonso.

The final break came when the king refused to sign a decree drawn by

The newspaper reports also that

The newspaper reports also that The newspaper reports also that he police authorities of many Euhave received a number of directions and practical instructions.

In Germany, our comrades have already for several years been working to carry out the instructions of the countries. It is pointed out that under the present jurisdiction police investigation begun in one government can be transferred to another government to the days of the dictatorship are numbered. King Alfonso is now hoping to gain credit for the restoration of the new project aims to eliminations of the same, we in Germany, cannot yet boast of any decisive success. The The new project aims to elimin to gain credit for the restoration of constitutionalism the has histerto supported Rivera.

U. S. Sailors Visit Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—Admiral Robert Wells, U. S. N., Commander Delaney, U. S. N., and 100 members of the crew of the U. S. N., and 100 members of the crew of the U. S. S. Memphis, now in port at Kielf, are arriving in Berlin this afternment to be the guests of the Berlin the hands of extremely counter-revolutionary leaders. The co-operative movement is in the hands of extremely counter-revolutionary leaders. The co-operative movement is in the fighting desperately against Communism and is leaving no stone unturned to get rid of the Committees of action ought, in the fight against the rise of prices, to ensure the committee of the Hungarian department of justice, Kagteni, and the chief of the Hungarian department of justice, Kagteni, and the chief of the Rumanian Othran Yenesus.

objective conditions of development of the German co-operative movement are at present entirely favorable to our activities. The immediate task of the German co-operative movement is

In Czecho-Slovakia, the Communists hold firm positions in the co-operative movement. About 50% of the members of the Czech Consumers Co-opering on successful economic co-operive movement to a much greater extent in the revolutionary fight of the of great significance for the whole la-Czecho-slovakian working masses, England. The party has completely

bined it with party work as a whole.

There are already signs that bined it with party work as a whole.

It is a fact of special significance that even the trade union Minority

Movement is a sample of the co-operative movement in the co-operative movement Movement is carrying out systematic co-operative work, thus promoting the formation of an opposition wing in the co-operative movement. The further designation of the control committee of the alliance in Paris, even Profession Control of the control committee of the alliance in Paris, even Profession Control of the cont her development of Communist co-operative work, still closer alliance with the left wing of the trade union move-ment and the comprehension and in-tensification of the class problems in the English co-operative movement will result in the English co-operative movement gaining a firm foothold. In France, the Communists exercise he greatest influence in the co-opera

tives of the Paris district, where about 15 consumers' co-operative societies tral co-operative commission in the central committee of the party which does systematic co-operative work. Individual Communist co-operators have been active since 1920 at the national congresses of the co-operative move ment and display considerable initia-Nevertheless the co-operative work of our French comrades leaves much to be desired. One of the drawbacks, for instance, is the concentra-tion of all their forces on the task of creating revolutionary co-operative ircles parallel to the existing reformst co-operative circles, instead of conentrating their attention above all on the creation of Communist frac-

tions in the co-operative organs. Our French Communist co-operators

I should like further, speaking quite to form a left wing round our Com-munist fractions as its nucleus. the co-operative movement in Belgius and Austria, where the co-operative movement forms an integral part of the political movement—it is true in the social democratic movement the social democrat which is hostile to us.

Now a few words on the position of the revolutionary elements of the co-operative movement within the in-ternational co-operative alliance. on successful economic co-operative active work, but the political effect of their influence on the co-operative movement is as yet insufficiently felt.

The formation of Communist fractions in the Consumers Co-operative is protected by the communists (14 from the Soviet Union and one from Czechoslovakia). ceeding very slowly. In the German Among the 11 members of the exceptive Consumers Co-operative Societies tive of the alliance, there is only one hardly any fraction work is being done Communist. Since our comrades have at present. In the future our com-rades should devote far more atten-there has been a change in the chartion to the political side of their co- acter of the conferences and meetings about the inclusion of the co-operat-

bor movement. England. The party has completely ecognized the necessity of Commu-fighting against the principle of the sor Gide stated that the question of the neutrality of the co-operative movement is not one of principle but of tactics. Putting the problem in this way undoubtedly means a partial abandonment of the principle of neu-

## WORKER WHO ACCEPTED LADY ASTOR'S BLUFF GETS LENINGRAD JOB

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, Sept. 6,—(By Mail)— The English worker John Morton who has journeyed to the Soviet Union with his family at the cost of Lady Astor has been given work in the Putllov Works in accordance with his qualifications.

Hindenburg Receives U. S. Admiral

BERLIN, Sept. 26.-President Hindenburg today received Admiral Roger Wells, U. S. N., who has arrived here from Kiel, where the U. S. S. Memphis is in port.



## **WORKERS PARTY ENTERS** CANDIDATES IN STATE **ELECTIONS THIS YEAR**

have been filed by petition while in others the petition campaign is still in progress to place Workers (Com-munist) Party candidates officially on the ballots. Nominations officially filed:

### Michigan.

Michigan—The following candidates will appear officially on the ballot in the primary elections to be held Tuesday, September 14:

Governor, William Reynolds. Congress, 13th District, William

Congress, 1st Dist., Harry Kish-

ner. Congress, 9th District, Daniel C.

### Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania-The following were the candidates nominated:
Governor, H. M. Wicks.
Lleutenant-Governor, P

Hills.
Secretary of Internal Affairs, Max

United States Senator, E. J. Cary. State Legislature, first district, Ernest Careathers and Anna Wels-

Second District, Mike Blaskovitz and Celia Paransky.

For Congress. Seventh District, Margaret Yeager. Eighth District, Susle Kendra and

Peter Skrtic. Ninth District, William P. Mikades hirty Fourth District, Sam Shore State Senator, William Schmidt.

### Colorado.

Governor, William Dietrich. United States Senator, James A.

Secretary of State, Nelson Dewey. State Treasurer, Leonard Forsch

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Helena Dietrich. State Auditor, O. McSwain.

Governor, Lewis Marks. Lieut. Governor, Albert Oddie. U. S. Senator, John J. Ballam. Treasurer, Winfield A. Dwyer. Auditor, Emma P. Hutchins, Attorney General, Max Lerner. Secretary of State, Harry J. Canter.

Massachusetts.

### Ohio.

Canton, Stark County State Senator, 41st District, Carl Guillod. State Assemblyman, 21st

FARMER-LABOR PARTY CANDI-DATES SUPPORTED BY THE WORKERS PARTY:

## OHIO

Allen County Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Edwin Blank. Representative to the General Assembly, Cor-bin N. Shook. Sheriff, B. K. Mo-Kercher. County Auditor, C. E. Thompkins. County Commissioner, Karl W. Frey. County Treasurer, Frank Clay. County Recorder, L. L. Landis. Prosecuting Attorney, Carl B. Blank. Clerk of the Courts, Robert J. Kelley.

WASHINGTON J. L. Freeman, candidate United States senate of the Farmer-Labor

PETITION CAMPAIGNS IN PROGRESS TO PUT THESE CAN-DIDATES ON THE BALLOTS:

## Illinois.

J. Louis Engdahl, candidate for United States Senator from Illinois. 8. Hammersmark, for congressman from 7th congressional district.

Mathilda Kalousek, congresswoman for 6th congressional district. Elizabeth Griffin, congresswoman for 1st congressional district.

## New York.

Attorney General, Arthur S. Leeds. Comptroller, Juliet Stuart (Manhattan)

Assembly 6th District, Benjamin Lifachitz. Assembly 8th District, Rebecca Grecht, Assembly 17th District, Julius Codkind. Assembly 18th District, Abraham Markoff. Con-gress 13th District, Charles Krum-Congress 14th District, Alexander Trachtenberg. Congress 20th District, William W. Weinstone. Senate 14th District, Elmer T. Alli-

(Bronx)
Assembly 3rd Dist., Elias Marks. Assembly 4th District, Isidore Steinzer. Assembly 5th District, Charles Zimmerman, Assembly 7th District. Joseph Boruchowitz. Congress 23rd District, Moissaye J. Olgin.

(Brooklyn) Assembly 6th District, George Primoff. Assembly 14th District, Samuel Nesin. Assembly 23rd Distric, Fannie Warshafsky. Congress 10th District, Bertram D. Wolfe. Senate 7th District, Morris Rosen.

## Connecticut.

Governor, William MacKenzie. Lieut. Governor, Edward Mrasko. Comptroller, John Gombos. See'y.
of State, Jane H. Feldman. Treas.
H. Wolfson.

## Workers (Communist) Party

## SPEAKER NABBED Are You Registered As a F.-L. P. CAMPAIGN BY POLICE ON Party Member? HARLEM CORNER

Richard Moore Hauled

Off Box

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.-Free speech

rights were ruthlessly abridged when Richard B. Moore, secretary of the New York council of the American

Negro Labor Congress secretary of the Harlem Educational Forum, and

director of the Institute for Social

Study, was arrested last Friday even on the northwest corner of 138th St

and Seventh Ave. upon a charge made

by Manager Burt of the Lafavette

Peaceful Meeting. Mr. Moore has participated actively

since 1917 in social movements for We infellectual, political, and economic insprovement of the condition of the working class in Harlem. He was

olding a lawful and orderly meeting

son staff lecturer of the Board of Edu

cation with whom he has spoken several times this summer.

Drove On Sidewalk

who had to jump aside to save them

selves.

Mr. Moore went quietly to the

police station, The charge entered

against him by the theater manager

was "disorderly conduct" in violating

an injunction. His protest that he was

exercising his constitutional rights as a citizen holding a perfectly legal and

orderly meeting and that he knew of

no injunction which he could in any way be held to have violated went

unheeded by the court and he was

take in custody to the night court.

The lawyer who appeared in his de-

fense, moved for an adjournment in

Give Course at N. Y.

Robert W. Dunn, assistant director

of Civil Liberties Union and one of the best students of the American la-

bor movement, has been added to the

staff of teachers of the Workers' School of New York City. He will give two courses—the first is "New

Tactics of the Employers in the United States and How Workers Must Meet Them" and the second is "Amer-

ican Foreign Investments." The sec

ond course will be part of a general

course on Imperialism which, besides

this course of Dunn's, will include two

short courses by Scott Nearing, "The Decline of the British Empire" and

Robert W. Dunn is both a student of and a participant in the American labor struggles. His books, "The La-

bor Spy" (co-author with Sidney Howard), "Company Unionism" and

'American Foreign Investments," are

classics in their various fields. As to his activity in the labor movement,

the Passaic strikers and the New York

The bulletin of the Workers' School

School, 108 East 14 Street, New York

Bertram D. Wolfe.

is the subject of the campaign talks of

Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the New York Workers' School and candidate

for congressman on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, who is now touring the western part of the coun-try. Comrade Wolfe's tour is: PORTLAND, Ore.—Sept. 29

ASTORIA, Ore.—Sept. 30, TACOMA, Wash.—Oct. 1. MT. VERNON, Wash.—Oct. 2.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Oct. 3, SPOKANE, Wash.—Oct. 5. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Oct. 8.

H. M. Wicks.

The New England states are the ter-itory which H. M. Wicks, well-known

abor speaker and candidate for gov

n a September election campaign tour

Comrade Wicks, who is speaking on

"What Can the Workers Expect From the Elections?" will be at Lowell. Mass. today and from there to other

ities in Massachusetts according to

HOYLOKE-Tuesday, Sept. 28. PITTSFIELD-Wednesday, Sept. 29.

ST. PAUL, Minn .- Oct. 9.

Post War Problems in Europe.

Robert W. Dunn to

An Important Announcement for Every Party Member.

108 June 1 1312 July 1 August 1 4330 September 1 4726 September 8 5027 September 15 September 22

THE reorganization of the party on the basis of the shop and street nuclei has now progressed sufficiently for the party to take a registration of the membership after the reorganization.

The United Labor Ticket Assessment, while made to provide funds for party work in the election campaign and to advance the movement for independent political action, is at the same time a registration of the mem bership of the party.

The National Office has decided to complete the collection of the assess ment in the form of a party registration. In place of issuing a new stamp to make the registration, the United Labor Ticket Assessment Stamp will be considered a registration stamp in the reorganized party.

He had just opened the meeting, having spoken not more than ten minutes on the general economic This means that those members of the party who have already paid the United Labor Ticket Assessment WILL NOT have to pay for another stamp. They have already made their registration. On the other hand, the opics when a police car drove up on more than five thousand members who have not yet paid the assessment the sidewalk into the group of 50 or 60 persons who were listening and must place the United Labor Ticket Assessment Stamp in their dues books order to be registered as members in the reorganized party.

Every party nucleus must immediately make an examination of the dues books of the members belonging to the nucleus and find out whether each member has the United Labor Ticket Assessment Stamp in his book. If a member has not purchased his stamp the registration must be explained

him and also the reason why he must purchase the stamp.

THOSE NUCLEI WHICH HAVE MADE A SETTLEMENT FOR THE STAMPS AND HAVE RETURNED THE UNSOLD STAMPS SHOULD. AFTER EXAMINING THE BOOKS OF ITS MEMBERS, ORDER A SUF-FICIENT NUMBER OF STAMPS SO AS TO PROVIDE ONE FOR EACH MEMBER WHO HAS NOT PURCHASED ONE.

THE NUCLEI WHICH HAVE NOT SETTLED FOR THEIR STAMPS SHOULD MAKE A SIMILAR SURVEY AND SEE THAT EVERY MEMBER PURCHASES A STAMP AND THEN MAKE THEIR SETTLEMENT WITH THE NATIONAL OFFICE.

order to prepare the case which was granted by the judge who set the case for Friday Sept. 24, 1926. The judge The period for the registration will be extended to November 15. By that time every comrade who considers him or herself a member of the party must have the United Labor Ticket Assessment Stamp in his or her released Mr. Moore in the custody of his attorney. The International Labor Defense is defending the case. dues book. That means that the membership will have had SIX MONTHS in which to buy a fifty cent stamp. Every party member can purchase a special stamp during such a period.

There are between TEN AND TWELVE THOUSAND MEMBERS IN THE PARTY AFTER THE REORGANIZATION. The total number of United the forums of the Saturday Lunch Labor Ticket Registration Stamps sold must include every one of these Club, Colcord got little support for his Workers' School members by November 15.

The party members can facilitate this registration by examining their dues books, and if they have not a stamp, going to their nucleus secretary for it immediately,

The nucleus secretary must assume the responsibility for seeing to it that every member is registered thru purchasing his stamp.

## DISTRICT 8 S. S. CONVENTION SUPPORTS PARTY UNIFICATION

The following resolution was adopt- causes are liquidated, this guarantees d by a conference of delegates from the South Slavic fractions in District of the Party which was held recently:

The convention of the South Slavic ctions of District 8, discussing the osition of our party, the present poliical and economic situation, realizes the great difficulty which confronts the present C. E. C. thru which it must struggle to prevent the disputes left from the recent struggle and which have damaged the development of our party.

subway strikers can well testify as to his activity in their behalf. For that reason the delegates unaimously declare as follows: an be secured by writing to Bertram O. Wolfe, director of the Workers'

1. The convention is conscious of ecessity of the complete unity of the party and the centralization of the same and for that reason stand unaninously with the C. E. C. and will "Say it with your pen in the worker correspondent page of The DAILY for unity and liquidation of all causes WORKER."

Ben Gitlow

Ben Gitlow, who is well-known to

e workers of this country as a mili-

Communist Party with a meeting in New Haven on September 29. Work-ers in cities all over the country—

Comrade Gitlow's tour will take him all the way from New Haven to Mil-

waukee-will have the opportunity of

hearing the 1924 vice-presidential can-

didate of the Workers Party and its present gubernatorial candidate in New York on: "WHAT CAN THE

ELECTIONS DO FOR THE WORK-

The complete tour follows: NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Sept. 29. BOSTON, Mass.—Sept. 30.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Oct. 1. ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Oct. 2. BUFFALO, N. Y.—Oct. 3.

CLEVELAND, Ohio-Oct 4 DETROIT, Mich.—Oct. 5. CHICAGO, III.—Oct. 6.

MILWAUKEE, Wis .- Oct. 10.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Oct. 10. TOLEDO, Ohio—Oct. 11. PITTSBURGH, Pa. Oct. 12. BALTIMORE, Md.—Oct. 13. PHILADELPHIA, Fa.—Oct. 14.

W. P. Election Campaign Tours

the party's successful development.

2. The convention greets the actions of the C. E. C. that it has taken in the mentioned direction and we are of the opinion that it will take it in the future. We declare our willingness to support the C. E. C; in that direction for reaching our aims.

3. For the successful enforcen of the decisions and actions of the C. E. C. in the above mentioned direction, the convention demands from newly elected committee to use all its power and ability to carry out the decisions and actions of the C. E. C. to bring the best understanding to the membership of the South Slavic comrades in this district and so carry them into practice.

4. The convention unanimously acfollowing goal: Unity above everything!

Long live the Workers (Communist)
Party of America!

Chicago, III., Aug. 15, 1926.

District No. 8 convention of the South Slavic fractions, Workers Party of America. District organizer, Geo. Boyanovich.

That worker next door to you may not have anything to do to-night. Hand him this copy of the ant fighter in the ranks of labor, begins his big election campaign tour under the banner of the Workers DAILY WORKER.

7. Because I have the courage to

8. Because much reading and deep

9. Because (owing to these things I find a greater measure of satisfac

lover of order, a lover of peace, a lover of love, a lover of work in free dom, of life in security and am con

That is why I am a Communist.

## **WORKERS PARTY** WITH THE YOUNG W

## Engdahl and Tallentire Red Army in Soviet Union Is Educator of Its Members, Workers and Farmers

Note: A short time ago The DAILY WORKER YOUTH COLUMN published a letter from the 10th Cavalry Division of the Red Army. The followincreased stimulus to develop the ing is the reply of the representative of the Young Workers (Communist) Workers (Communist) Party cam-League in Moscow to this letter, which contrasts the life of the Red Army paign in support of the Farmer-Labor soldiers with that of the soldiers in capitalist armies. ticket in the Minnesota elections,

Liaison Commission, 10th Cavairy Army Division.

Dear Comrades:

and Norman Tallentire, the party's district organizer for the Minnesota Dear Comrades:

Upon my return from my vacation I found your letter awaiting me, and I am hastening to answer it, so that we shall be in close contact continually. I was very glad to get your letter, as I was beginning to think that the one I had sent you had not reached you.

Red Army is Educator.

I was particularly pleased—and the comrades in America will likewise be pleased—to read in your letter of the splendid work you are conducting Engdahl reviewed the recent de velopments in the attack being made by the republican forces on the Farmer-Labor movement, in which it was using the democratic party, almost wiped out in this state, as its willing

was to hold the farmer-labor lines intact against the attack of the capital-ist parties and their kept press, an splendid work you are conducting among the masses of the population in the locality where you are sta-tioned. I have already written to the attack that was getting support from traitor elements within the farmer omrades in America of this phase of your activity, which is so different from the activity of an ordinary army. Numerous non-party elements were present at the meeting and new mem pers were secured for the party. The Red Army is indeed more than an army—it is also the educator of its own members and of the workers and Engdahl also addressed the Minnes peasants with whom it comes into con-tact in its work. That is one of the reasons why the Red Army is so much polis Saturday Lunch Club at the invitation of its chairman, S. A. Stock stronger than the bourgeois armies. The bourgeois armies are not inter-ested either in the welfare of the well, former state senator. Engdahl followed Lincoln Colcord, contributor for The New Republic, a liberal weeksoldiers or of the inhabitants.

ly, who urged that the farmer-labor-ites capture the democratic party, as the non-partisans had captured the therefore find not infrequently that the peasants hate the troops stationed in their neighborhood, because these troops, while not contributing any-thing to the population in any form, republican party in North Dakota. Colcord also heralded the "Committee of 48," now defunct, as the leader of the so-called third party movement. still do a lot of harm, such as appro-Engdahl replied to Colcord by exposing the record of the democratic priating food without paying or by paying very little, interfering with the party since it was first established to work on the land, etc. On the contrary, the Red Army not only does not interfere with the peasants, but acerve the needs of the southern slave holding aristocracy. He pointed out tually teaches them how to become better husbandmen. As a result of this, the Red Army is loved by the that the workers must have a party of their own growing out of their own economic needs. This party must

struggle against the two old parties. peasants. Engdahl showed the relation of the Workers (Communist) Party to the I was also very much pleased with the progress that is being made in educating the Red soldiers. In bourgeois armies the only aim is to make good fighting machines out of the sol Even among the liberals who attend The Red Army aim is to make good Soviet citifiens out of its mem-bers—men who can do their duty to the workers' and peasants' state,

Club, Colcord got little support for his position. Practically every speaker that joined in the discussion urged the whether in fighting its enemies or in reconstructing it economically. In this respect the Red Army is doing a cause of the Farmer-Labor party, some praiseworthy work in eliminating illit-eracy, which before the revolution was an outstanding characteristic of Rus

executive committee of the Young

Communist International the League

in America has begun to work along the lines laid down by the E. C. Y. C

engaged in the following main activi

1. Getting in the young workers from the heavy industries. This is a

very important task, as up to the pres-

very important task, as up to the pres-ent the League has been composed mostly of young workers from the light industries. The League is now beginning a campaign on a national

scale among the young coal miners

and as a result of this campaign it will

2. Setting up a workers' sport move-

ment. Up to the present no workers

sport movement existed in the United States. Altho there is a mass par-ticipation in sports, it is all under the

domination of the capitalists. The League has begun setting up workers

sport clubs, working within existing ers and winning the trade unions over to support workers' sport. A national

conference will be held as soon as there are enough organizations, and a national workers' sport organization

3. Anti-militarist work. I have al-

ready given you some idea of the tre-

nendous militarization that is going

on in America. To counteract this the League is organizing a united

front of all workers, students and women's organizations to carry on a struggle against militarism. This cam-

paign is proving quite successful and

a large number of organizations have already endorsed the campaign, in

cluding many liberal and pacifist or

ganizations. In many schools the students voted against militarism.

Increased Mass Work.

recruit many new members.

established.

of them pointing out the fallure of the non-partisan league experiment in the republican party in North Dakota. Engdahl was showered with ques-tions as to the situation within the sia, and teaching the soldiers to par ticipate in the political and cultura Union of Soviet Republics. The gatherng seemed satisfied with his answers life of the country. The American Youth.

I now wish to tell you very briefly omething about the work of the

Engdahl Speaks in St. Paul. Following his meeting in Minnes oolis. Engdahl will speak in St. Paul turn to Chicago.

drive for the labor party.

Colcord Gets Little Support.

Urge Class Action

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 26.

grew out of the mass meeting held

here at Moose Hall addressed by J. Louis Engdahl, Communist candidate for United States senator in Illinois

Lunch Club Scene of Debate.

district

bor movement.

## Are You Coming to the Russian I. L. D. Affair Next Sunday, Oct. 3rd?

What promises to be the biggest I D. affair of the season is being arranged by the Russian branch of the International Labor Defense for Sunday, Oct. 3, at Walsh Hall, cor. Noble and Milwaukee Ave. A concert in which some of the best talent of the Russian and Ukrainian colonies of Chicago will participate, a perform-ance and a dance will follow. The well-known Russian actress Miss Sviet, and Mrs. Maller, dramatic sop rano, are among these who will parti cipatè in the program. The names of some of the participants cannot be ad-vertised for certain reasons. A sur-Long live the Communist International vertised for certain reasons. A suit prise is promised to those who will prise is promised to those who will prise is promised to those who will prise in the communist international prise in the communist international prise is promised to those who will prise in the communist international prise in the communist international prise in the communist international prise is promised to those who will prise in the communist international prise in the communist international prise in the communist international prise is promised to those who will be a suit of the communist international prise in the communist international prise is promised to those who will be a suit of the communist international prise in the communist international prise is promised to those who will be a suit of the communist international prise in the communist international prise is promised to those who will be a suit of the communist international prise in the community in the community in the community international prise in the community attend the affair. The Russian Workers Singing Society, the Mandolin Orchestra and many others will participate. The 170 members of the Rus sian branch are working hard to make the affair a moral and financial suc cess. You can also help by coming to the affair and inviting your friends. Hall, cor. Milwaukee and Noble

## WHY I AM A COMMUNIST

By ROSE PASTOR STOKES Because I am of the working class and know from experience the

cannot tolerate these conditions without protest

3. Because I have an active mind 4. Because I have a scientific mind

that is content not with half truths but with the facts of history. Because in my search I have come to recognize that all history is

but a series of class struggles. 6. Because today I see conditions preparing for the final conflict that will usher in the era of wrking class power for the establishment of the classless society.

sonal consequences.

thinking (to which I have been driver by my class experience) have given me that vision which renders personal considerations of small consequence and human considerations of first im

tion in the triumph of the masses than in any personal victory.

10. Furthermore, because I am

4. Mass activity. The League is be inning more and more to participate ginning more and more to participate in the activities of the young workers in strikes, movements for higher wages, better conditions, etc., At the dom, of life in security and am con-vinced that but one road leads to these things—the road to proletarian ready lasted seven months, and in the garment strike in New York. The League was also active in the fur-

Moscow, U. S. S. R. Sept. 1. | riers' strike, which ended in a vic-

tory for the workers.
5. Schools. The League, in order to improve the understanding of its members, has organized several schools, which will be attended by the best comrades in the League during the comrades in the League during the summer. There are four district schools and one national school. At these schools the problems contronting the League will be taken up and the comrades taught how to colve them. Theoretical subjects, Leninism, etc., will also be taken up.

From this you see that the League is becoming more and more active and if this activity is continued it will be able to develop into a real mass organization of the Communist youth in America, the leader of all the young

send me the pictures which we took while I was in Liska, as I would like very much to take them back to America with me. Also write me of the new developments in the division, when the new recruits are coming is, how they are handled at the beginning and what instructions those who are demobilized are given.

With Communist greetings, Representative, Young Workers (Communist) League of America

## Bronx Workers Defeat. Bushwick Champs, 3 to 1

NEW YORK CITY-in a hardfought soccer game, the Bronx Work-ers' Sports Club defeated the Bush-wick A. C. by a score of 3 to 1. The game took place at Van Courtland Park. The victory of the Bronx workers came as a complete surprise, tha Bushwick A. C. being the champions of the second division in the Empire State League. They were expected to easily defeat the workers.

Good team work and excellent shooting won the game, and the entire team Sports Club has only been organized for several months and has already made a fine showing against much older teams.

older teams.

The club meets regularly at 1347.
Boston Road, Bronx, and all workers interested in sports are invited to join

## Children Slaving Under Dawes Plan

child labor is prohibited only in dan-gerous industries. In other industries the law permits the employment of Young Workers (Communist) League of America. Since the plenum of the child laborers from 10 years on. In the country children hired by farmers total 1,170,000. Half a million of this number are under 10 years of age. The main mass of children is found I. and the results are already notice able. A plenum of the central com-mittee was held not long ago, at in home industry, light industry, etc. The following figures show how the insufficient wages of children affects their health: Out of 6,000 children in Schleswig (the most industrial part which there was complete unity, and at which the tasks of the league were discussed very thoroly and resolutions of Germany) 12½ pct. are tubercu-lar, 2 per cent are affected by spinal covering all those tasks were adopted.

At the present time the league is disease, 30 per cent by lung sickness and 32 per cent by heart disease.

According to the latest figures every fourth child (25 per cent) in the age from 7 to 14 sells their labor power nd child (50 per in the age of 10 to 14.



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MARX AND ENGELS ON REVOLU-TWO SPEECHES

The Daily Worker Pub. Co.

Chicago, III.

## Organized Labor-Trade Union Activities

News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

## LABORERS' UNION STANDS ALONE IN LABOR DAY MARCH

### Central Labor Union Wouldn't Parade

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD WORCESTER, Mass., 26. — Laborers' Union Local No. 620 continues to be the talk of the local labor movement. After menths of discussion haggling and doubting the central is br union as well as other local unions gave up the idea of a labor day parade. The Laborers' Union, organized only four months, at a special meeting decided to parade, utilizing the parade as an organization drive. A committee was appointed and within a week all plans were complete. On labor day the Laborers' local was the only unit in line, together with other societies

600 Turn Out.

At the Central Labor Union, Delegate Thornton, of the Molders' Union, who was one of the labor day speakers, gave an enthusiastic report of the lone local union that celebrated labor Despite a drizzling rain, 600 ers turned out with business agent Mike Rano, as chief marshall and headed by the Worcester Brass

The parade started at 9:15 a. m. from the union hall on Shrewsbury street, down to Front street, before the headquarters of the open shop as sociation. Mayor O'Hara and Deputy Chief of Police McMurray reviewed the parade from the reviewing stand

Four men, three of them connected with the strike, are under arrest charged with the ancient frame-up al-legation of "bombing." Those under arrest are Joseph Bellani of Garfield, Banner Heads March. original schedule called for an open air mass meeting which was held at Victory Hell instead because of the heavy rain. A huge banner, carried by two men at the head of carried by two men at the need or the procession bore the nicely painted pick and shovel together with the in-scription reading, "Laborers' Union No. 620, just organized 600 strong— Come and join us now!" Thirty-seven The Usual "Discoveries."
The police have "found" nitroglycerius in Pochno's home, much
after the "find" of dynamite in the
historic Lawrence strike, which later signs were carried by the marchers bearing militant propaganda elogans on the most important labor questions, turned out to have been planted there by a prominent mill owner's agent. The Passaic police have often dropped revolvers in the outside pockets of strikers and then arrested them the next moment for carrying arms. In this case they "found" a revolver on the ground and charge it to Pochno. The mill owners have been desirous of finding an excuse not to settle the strike with the A. F. of L. union. such as the Youth, Women in Industry, Organization of the Unorganized, Anti-Speed-up Production, Open Shop Menace, Amalgamation, Help for Brit-

tish Miners, etc.
At Victory hall the great audience was addressed by Thomas F. Lonnergan, president of the C. L. U., Thomas F. Conroy, secretary of the C. L. U., Wm. H. Thornton, and two Italian speakers. A committee of three headed by R. DeSanto of the Passaic, N. textile strikers was present. Broth-DeSanto gave a short and interesting talk on the strike situation in Passaic and asked for support of the strikers. A collection was taken up which amounted to \$59.10. Together with the previous donation of \$50.00, Local No. 620 gave \$109.10 to the Passaic strikers.

Even the opponents of a labor day parade were cheered by the militant and class-conscious spirit displayed by this new local, and after repeated expressions of joy by the delegates and predictions of a huge parade next labor day as the result of the inspiring demonstration staged by Local No. 620, the report of Brother Thornton was unanimously accepted as one of progress.

1923 to \$1,124,000,000 in 1925. In 1923 there were on the average 141,648 at work, compared with 136,677 in 1925. Thus every man is turning out more goods. According to the report, the cost of production has decreased 7 per cent in the two years—and unquestionably this has been taken out of the skins of the workers. It is the presumption of the chamber of commerce that production increased this year and more men were employed, parade were cheered by the militant 1923 to \$1,124,000,000 in 1925. In 1923

We will send sample copies of The year and more men were employed, although this contention.

The production increased this year and more men were employed, although the substidiary, although the substidiary, and its substidiary, although the substidiary and its substidiary, and its substidiary, and its substidiary, although the substidiary and its substidiary.

4="

## Structural Iron Workers' Int'l. Puts Difficulties in Way of Organization

By A. ROSENFELD.

NEW YORK (By Mail)-Several months ago, we have sent a letter to the International Association of Bridge, Structural and Ornamental Ir Workers, with a check for initiation

Ask for Charter. We asked in that letter to be admitted as a local of the international. We also asked that if a charter is to be granted to us, and we did not doubt

unions, especially Local 52, which is the nearest related to us, to assist us

Months have passed. We have gon

**BOSTON FUR WORKERS** 

STRIKE 1,000 STRONG

Boston fur workers are striking in 55 shops for a new agreement. Ne-gotiations with the employers broke

down when the old agreement ex

BY UPHOLSTERERS

Recognition of Shop

Committee Asked

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 26 .- Four

hundred upholsterers and trimmers of the Hays-Hunt auto finishing plant of

Durant Motor Corp. are striking for recognition of their shop committee.

mproved working conditions and rein-

statement of workers who were dis-charged for their labor organization

Strikers are picketing the plant and

urging their fellow-workers to walk out in sympathy and join the union.

The strikers are organized in Local 13, International Upholstery Workers, af-

filiated with the American Federation

Hunt workers have issued a shop but letin which stressed the need of or-ganizing the workers into unions for

the improvement of their working con-

ditions. The whole auto works-Durant Motor Corp. and its subsidiary,

For several months a group of Hays-

of Labor.

**AUTO FINISHING** 

FOR A NEW AGREEMENT

TO FRAME-UP TO CHECK UNION

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 26 .- The Passaic police, notorious thruout Americ

for their violence and frame-ups during the early part of the textile strike, have again cooked up new cases of frame-ups to justify the mill barons'

position of antagonism against signing a settlement even with the conserva

slso asked that it a charter is to be granted to the that it would be granted, that we should be considered the only local union of the Inside Iron & Bronze workers and that the international will influence the outside local will influence the outside local to the state of the

Vicinity.

The reason we asked this is because experience has taught us that if another charter should be issued to another group of men, which means, the creation of another local union, this would divide our ranks and we would.

To some it may sound ridiculous to ask such a thing from a parent.

To some it may sound ridiculous to ask such a thing from a parent body. "Why ask?" some one may say, "is it not the duty of the international never be able to accomplish anything.

Obstacles Put in Way.

The reply of the international was that if we want to be admitted as the only local of Greater New York and violnity, we will have to pay the debt to see that one local union should help the other one in their struggle for better conditions, especially when there is a possibility for it." But such of the three local unions, which were in existence three years ago, and were are conditions. We are obliged to expelled for not paying the dues and assessments.

The sum of the debt, tho not specified exactly, would amount to about

\$35,000

thru a strike, we have solved many international, stating we will be willing to pay the debt of the former
three locals providing the international will assure us that they will give
ing for an answer.

Frame Up Unionists.

member of the executive committee of the new Local 1603 of the United Textile workers and a candidate for

councilman on the independent ticket

Thomas Winick of Garfield, Thomas Current of Clifton and Tony Pochno

turned out to have been planted there

the strike with the A. F. of L. union, and this sort of work was expected by the strike leaders.

Less Workers is New

Boast of Cleveland

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 26.-Accord-

ng to the report of the chamber of commerce of this city the value of

production rose from \$1,096,000,000 in

PASSAIC MILL OWNERS RESORT

tive United Textile Workers' Union of the A. F. of L.

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes-Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

## CONTRACTORS IN **CLEVELAND SEEK** TO KILL UNIONS

## Non-Union Painters Are Hired by Builders

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 26.—Several lays ago 600 union men working on the Ohio Bell Telephone Co. building went out on strike because four nonunion painters were put on the job by sub-contractors. According to the recent statement of the builders, a sub-contractor doing one of the jobs employs non-union men and the con-tractors consider an agreement with the sub-contractor "sacred."

Contractors Go to Court.

As the strike of the 600 men is hold ng up the construction work, the con tractors went to court to secure writ compelling the union leaders to call off the strike and send the men back to work.

"If contracts between the unions "If contracts between the unions and the contractors are worth the paper they are written on then the union leaders should cancel their strike orders," says the representative of the contrac

Trying to Break Union.

The contractors, backed by the Citizens' League, think that they can fool the workers of this city. The workers know very well that the purpose of the contractors in sending in four non the contractors in sending in four non-union men to work is to take the ini-tial steps in breaking up the union and providing non-union conditions in this city, where the building trades are well organized. They will not suc-ceed in their attempt, no matter how the court judges. Sixty subpoenas have been issued, but the men are un-moved.

Five Million No Bubble

This move on the part of the con-tractors, however, should provoke a little thinking on the part of the building workers. Is the Citizens' League a live body, is its fund of \$5,000,000 a factor, or are we to believe Charles Smith, the business representative of the building trades, that it is only a bubble? The Citizens' League is a rowerful factor in the industrial life. powerful factor in the industrial life of Cleveland, and if the workers, and above all the building workers, do not awaken to the fact they will feel the full force of its power, especially the carpenters and others whose agreements terminate on May 1.

## Lincoln Mine Opened Under Jacksonville Contract, Not 1917 Basis

By JOE KOHYLAK, JR.

NEFFS, O., Sept. 26.—The Lincoln nine of Loraine Coal & Dock Co. cated on the National Highway near Bridgeport, Ohio, has resumed opera tion under the Jacksonville contract being idle six months.

The article written by a worker cor-espondent in The DAILY WORKER respondent in The DAILY WORK issue dated Sept. 17, 1926, was inc

Every coal mine that resumed operation in eastern Ohio has gone to under the Jacksonville contract.

## HAVERHILL SHOE UNION DEMANDS PAY INCREASE; GOES TO ARBITRATION

HAVERHILL, Mass., Sept. 26. — The Shoe Workers' Protective Union is asking 15 per cent increases to restore the prices paid in the industry previous to cuts in 1924. The union's request goes to the shoe board of arbitration for action.

## KLAN, MILITARY ORGANIZATION, SAYS CYCLOPS

## Smith Banished by the All-Highest War Lord

AKRON, O., Sept. 26 .- A split has taken place in the local klan, owing to the fight over the property owned by the klan, valued at \$53,394. The Rev. A. O. Henry, a local minister and "exalted cyclops of the local klan," and another member of the klan have brought suit against Imperial Wizard Brans of Atlanta to prevent the latter from transferring the property to an-other "cyclopa." A meeting of the local klan was held and it was decided to surrender the charter, withdraw from the ku klux klan and start another organization

Banished from Realm

W. K. Smith, the former head of the klan, was banished from the organi-sation at the "grand conclave" held in Washington, when he was ordered out of the ranks of fthe Ohio delegation as it was about to parade.
"No one knows why Smith was ban-

ished," said a local leader. "The klan is a military organization. Smith's banishment is the result of military orders."

Education Needed.

The important thing for organized labor to do is to start a campaign of education of the workers as to the nature of the K. K., for there are many workers in that organization, particularly in the city of Akron. If this is not done, when the workers make demands for better conditions they will find that they are hampered by the agents and members of this "military" organization, which works hand in hand with the employers.

### Lowell Silk Strikers Allowed Only Six Pickets, Says Judge

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—Only six pickets at a time are permitted at the Lowell Silk Mills by the injunction obtained by the firm. Hearings on whether the restraining order shall be made permanent begin Sept. 28.

The weavers demand the return of hree-loom base satin and four on pongee and casket lining, the wide looms to be a subject of further arbitration, 20 per cent increase, time and a half for overtime, improved sanitary cond tions and ventilation, rest room, full time pay for time lost on job, recogni-tion of the mill council and no discrimination against any worker. The firm complained that long picket lines with singing interfered with their

The workers have been out since July 23

### Harry Daugherty Is Adept at Destroying His Bank Accounts

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Harry M. ugherty, former attorney general of the United States, destroyed the records of his account in the Midland National Bank at Washington Court house, Ohio, according to his brother Mal S. Daugherty, who testified to day at the trial of the former cabinet member, and Col. Thomas W. Miller, former alien property custodian. Harry M. Daugherty also destroyed the accounts of the late Jesse Smith and of Mal S. Daugherty, the bank sident testified.

## **Building Construction** In Ohio Is On Decline

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 26.-Accord ing to figures just issued by the F. W Dodge Corporation, there has been a loss of 20 per cent in the contracts let in the state of Ohio in the month of the same period of last year, or a de cline of 10 per cent.

BUILD THE DAILY WITH A SUB

## By Upton Sinclair A little farther on in the explanations, Bunny began to see the meaning of that perpetual and unbreakable hold which Dad and Mr. Roscoe were giving to themselves. In the prespectuses and advertisements of Ross Consolidated, the public would be told all about the vast oil resources in the Ross Junior tract at Paradise; but here it was being fixed up that Ross Consolidated was not to operate this tract, but to lease it to a special concern, the Ross Junior Operating Company, and nobody but Dad and Mr. Roscoe and the bankers were to have any stock in that! There was a whole series of such intricate devices, holding companies and leasing companies and separate issues of stock, and of these things were to go into effect at once, and some later on, after the public had put up its money! When Bunny, the "little idealist," began to make objections

to this, he saw that he was hurting his father's feelings. Dad said that was the regular way of big money deals, and my God were they running a soup-kitchen? The public would get its share and more—that stock would go to two hundred in the first year, jist you watch and see! But it was Dad and his son who had done the hard work on the Paradise tract, and at Prospect Hill and Lobos River too; and the government wanted them to on and do more such work, to drill a hundred new wells and help win the war and how could they do it if they distributed the money around for people to throw away on jazz parties? Jist look at those "war-babies," and all the mad spending in New York! Dad was taking care of his money and using it wisely, in industry, where it belonged; he was perfectly sincere and hard-set as concrete, in his conviction that he was the one to whom the profits should come. He and Mr. Roscoe were two individuals who had fought the big companies and kept themselves afloat through all the storms; they were making an unbreakable combination this time, and they were going to get the jack out of it, just you bet!

### VIII

Meantime, the Germans had begun another offensive against the French, the most colossal yet; it was the second Battle of the Marne, and they called it their "Friedenssturm," because they meant to capture Paris and win their peace. But now there were large sectors held by the American troops, of whom there were a million in France, and three hundred thousand coming every month, with all their supplies, in spite of the submarines. These troops were fresh, while all the others were exhausted; and so where they stood, the line did not give way, and the great German offensive was blocked and brought to a standstill.

Then, a week or two later, began an event that electrified the whole world: the allies began to advance! Attacking now here, now there, they gained ground, they routed the enemy out of intrenchments which had been years in building, and were counted impregnable. All that mighty Hindenburg line began to crumble; and behind it, the Siegfried line, and the Hunding line, and all the other mythological constructions. To people in America it was the breaking of the first sunrays through black storm clouds. The "Yanks" were wiping out the famous St. Mihiel salient, they were capturing the enemy by ten of thousands, and even more important, the machine guns and artillery which the Germans could not replace. All through the early fall this went on; until the young officers-to-be in Bunny's training camp began to fret because this man's war was going to be over before they

got to the scene. But all this time, not one word from Paul! Bunny received agonizing letters from Ruth, "Oh, what do you think can have happened to him? I write him every week to the address he gave, and I know he would answer if he was alive." Bunny explained that it took six weeks for mail to go to Vladivostok and return; how much longer it took on the railroad no one could guess; and besides, there was a censorship, and many things might hap-pen to letter, in war time. If Paul had been killed or wounded, the army would surely notify his parents; so no news was good news. There had been practically no fighting, as Ruth could see from the newspaper clippings which Bunny faithfully sent to her. The reports were scanty, but that was just because nothing much had happened; if there were any real fighting, or losses to the troops, the papers would get it, you might be sure.
On the second of August of this year of 1918, the American

and Japanese troops had made a landing in Vladivostok, practically unopposed; they had spread along the Trans-Siberian railway, and were policing it, and in fact running it, all the way to Lake Baikal where they had met the Czecho-Slovaks. With the help of these intelligent men, the allies now controlled the country clean across to the Volga; the Bolsheviks had to keep back in the interior. Now and then the newspapers would report that admiral this or general that was getting up a stable Russian government, of course with the help of allied money and supplies; at the west end of the line it would be a Cossack hetman, and at the east end a Chinese mandarin or Mongolian tuchun or other let in the state of Ohio in the month of August, as compared with July of this year, and a decrease of 24 per cent as compared with August of last year. For the first eight months of this year. For the first eight months of this year as compared to \$280,000,000 the contracts amounted to \$28

## **NEW LABOR MOTION PICTURE** NOW READY FOR SHOWING

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It is a thought-provoking message to organized and unorganized labor allet, this film of the long battle of the textile strikers against exploitation. It should be shown in every locality where groups of the 20,000,000 unorganized workers slave away day after day, at the mercy of the organized employers, without the protection of a 'shor union. The millions of unorganized steel, rubber, auto, oil, coal, textile and transportation workers will receive inspiration from this film, will be encouraged to cross swords with their exploiters for better living conditions.

ARRANGE FOR A SHOWING IN YOUR CITY—BY YOUR ORGANIZA-TON—IN YOUR HALL OR IN ANY MOTION PICTURE HOUSE AVAIL-ABLE. WRITE FOR TERMS AND FURTHER DETAILS TO:

NATIONAL TEXTILE STRIKERS' RELIEF CAMPAIGN (International Workers' Aid) Room 14, 743 Main Avenue, Passaic, N. J.



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**BIG SURPRIZES!** 

GET TICKETS!

## Shirtmakers Fighting Wage Cut Lockout, But Take the Aggressive

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.-Workers for Association have been locked out for their refusal to accept 15 per cent wage cuts. The union, part of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, is prepared to carry out a strike of the industry to thoroly organize it and gain their demands.

The union officials expect 60 per cent of the workers will be back on the job as soon as the union signs agreements with the manufacturers, who promise to have work done only in union contracting shops. The union is against the extension of the contract system, which has so disrupted standards in other needle trades

Encouragement.

"We ought to do what we can for our old employes," remarked the presi-dent of a big industrial concern. "Yes, indeed," agreed the chairman of the board. "Let's issue an order asking all the younger clerks to address them as 'Sir.' "—Locomotive Engineers' Journal.

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## Schwab's Speech Is Danger Signal for American Workingclass

Charles M. Schwab, chairman of the Bethlehem Steel com pany, has been on a tour speaking to chambers of commerce and manufacturers' associations.

His speeches have been pitched on a high note of optimism for the capitalists-but they carry a threat to the workers of

After praising the prosperity and "the unbounded opportunities which lie at the feet of the youth of our land," Schwab sounds a note of warning. He says:

I can foresee the time when the factories of Europe will be turning out vast quantities of goods which will be sold in our market and the markets of the world in competition with American goods. European goods are produced at costs far below present costs in this country . . . . People there have lost an enormous part of their wealth; standards of living have been reduced, and savings have been lost . . . . IN ORDER TO EXIST THEY MUST WORK HARD, WITH LONG HOURS AND AT REDUCED WAGES . . . . THE ONLY BASIS WHICH WILL SAVE OUR OWN MARKETS AND OUR FOR-EIGN MARKETS WILL BE THE BASIS OF EFFICIENT AND ECONOMICAL PRODUCTION.

Here is food for thought for the American working class.

The tour of this spokesman of the most powerful industrial capitalists is probably a preliminary to a new drive on wages and working conditions for which the labor movement must prepare.

It is true that Schwab does not urge a wage cut in so many words. But he makes it quite plain that he is not satisfied with present labor costs:

To maintain our present high wages with reasonable profits for manufacturers, WE MUST REALIZE ECONOMIES UPON A PROGRESSIVE SCALE, NOT MERELY IN PRODUC-TION BUT IN MARKETING METHODS.

This is nothing more or less than an ultimatum to the working class. What Schwab says is this:

More work, much more work for the same money, more work, much more work with less workers, or wages must come down.

This challenge cannot be answered by the labor movement by reiterated statements of its desire for "worker-employer co-opera-tion" and by the launching of various capitalist enterprises such as labor banks and insurance companies. This is exactly what Schwab and his class want-a capitalist-minded labor movement that will encourage its members to give unsparing aid to the speed up systems designed to get more production with less workers and create a reserve labor supply in the shape of a jobless army of millions whose clamor at the factory gates will spur the more fortunate jobholders to renewed efforts.

The challenge of Schwab can be answered only by organization of the unorganized millions in basic industry and militant struggle against the speed-up and pauperization schemes of the American

## A Fraudulent System

The inside gamblers won the Dempsey-Tunney fight and nobody else. This is the opinion of reporters who have followed the pugilistic game since the days of John L. Sullivan, reporters who told the truth whether they could afford it or not.

Whatever may be said for professional boxing as a sport, under capitalist commercialism it is nothing but a brutalized con-

Jack Dempsey held the world championship title for seven years and amassed considerable money, which was separated from POLAND is today a land of terror him by hawk-beaked parasites from lawyers to managers. Jack was getting fat and lazy and did not want to risk his manly counten- The movement of the national minoriance in another scrap. But he had to fight or transfer the title to ties, the Ukrainians, White Russians, somebody else. A \$450,000 consideration made a decision easy. So and others, is suppressed. Six thouhe decided to re-enter the ring.

Gene Tunney, who reads books and fought in the world war Gene Tunney, who reads books and fought in the world war was picked to meet Dempsey. Whether he carved any Germans or sers, which are still applied today. Among them is Stanislaw Lanezucki, alt these persecutions but threw into fail new hundreds of workers and former joined the marines. Anyhow, the fact that he could be considered a patriot was good publicity. A number of morons could considered a patriot was good publicity. A number of morons could sentenced to six years at hard labor. be whipped into frenzy against Dempsey and this sentiment would register at the box office. It did.

Dempsey walked into the ring like a grandmother into her funeral shroud. A whiff of garlic would have knocked him out. Tunney only injured one of his optics. He could not have knocked him down with a sledge. Not because Jack was strong, but because Tunney was only a marine.

The thing was so raw that even the capitalist editors could not get excited over it, the exception being the Methodist Chicago Daily

Boxing, baseball, football, tennis, swimming every brutal or refined is tarred with the commercialized brush of capitalism. Get the money and let the other fellow do the raving! That is the morality of the present system.

## Wu Pei-fu Running Amuck

The gods are getting ready to get rid of Wu Pei-fu, and the first thing they do is to drive him crazy. His tuchuns are shooting in all directions and firing on their best friends. Only a few weeks ago they shot seven British naval ratings and the result was that British pride got wounded and burned down a Chinese town, killing 5,000 innocent people. This may seem tough, but the dignity of a christian empire cannot be tampered with.

Now, another of Wu's generals took some shots at a standard oil steamer. King Rockefeller is just as touchy as King George and

In the meantime the Cantonese are going north and the armies of General Feng are coming south to join them. Unless all signs fail China should be in a position to talk cold turkey to them all before

## The C. P. S. U. and the **Opposition Block**

By N. BUCHARIN.

(Continued from previous issue) THIS, translated into ordinary lan guage, means: We have no prole tarian dictatorship, our state is not workers' state, but a workers' and peasants' state; the proletariat must however defend its interests, and must thus oppose to a certain extent this workers' and peasants' state. Thus, if the proletarian party wants to remain a proletarian party, it must con tend to some degree against the so-viet power. One thing must be said first of all, that it is becoming the tashion to try and find support in Len-in's authority for all kinds of non-sense, and those who do this, think it It is a workers' state. To state that

and peasants' state. Bukharin fails And where Comrade Ossovsky says to grasp it. And since Bukharin is this in so many words in a printed well known to be an adherent of the majority of the C. C. it is only natural that the C. C. compared to the company of the well known to be an adherent of the majority of the C. C. it is only natural that the C. C. comprehends nothing of this question, and is thus pursuing a policy which, as Comrade Ossovsky points out, can become sovsky points out, can become extremely disastrous from the stand-point of proletarian revolution. First of all, I must challenge the testimony and also reject this reference to Com-rade Lenin as witness, or rather, myself call upon him as withess, order to prove that Comrade Ossov-order that the first thesis.

The Rumor of the Bureaucratic Degen-oration of the Soviets.

The following was written by Com rade Lenin (Complete works, Vol. 18-1, in the article: "The crisis in the party," page 33, Russian) with reference to the trade union discus-

"When dealing with the discussion of December 30, I must correct an error of mine. I said: 'Our state is in reality not a workers' state, but a workers' and peasants' state.' Comrade Bukharin at once internolated.' 'When kind of a state?' interpolated: 'What kind of a state? reply I referred to the VIII. Con as then just concluded. Now when reading the report on the dis-cussion, I see that I was wrong, and Comrade Bukhamin right. I should have said that: 'The work-ers' state is an abstraction, and yet we have in reality a workers' state, but firstly with the peculiarity that but firstly with the peculiarity that it is not the proletarian but the peasant population which prepond-crates in the country, and secondly it is a worker's state accompanied by bureaucratic distortion."

THIS is surely perfectly clear, and Comrade Ossovsky ought to have known that Lenin wrote this. Lenin here states directly, when speaking of he character of the state power: "We ing our apparatus have practically nave a workers' government, but the nothing in common with the interests peasantry is in the majority in the of the broad masses. have a workers' government, but the peasantry is in the majority in the country." Right! "We have a workers' state, but accompanied by bureau-cratic distortion." Right! Thus our proletarian dictatorship, our workers' state, has the peculiarities of working in an agricultural country and of having its state apparatus burdened with

THE present controversy within the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is neither a sign—nor will it be the cause of a retreat of the revolution. Quite the contrary. It is clear indication of its victorious onward march.

To give a clear understanding as well of the present prob-lems of the Russian Revolution as also of the controversy over the solution of these problems, we are publishing herewith a report made by Comrade Bucharin at the functionaries' meeting of the Leningrad organization of the Communist Party. The report speaks for itself and needs no further elucidation. It is clear and convincing and answers the lies about the retreat of the Russian Revolution.

various bureaucratic aberrations.

that they may practice this art as long as they choose.

HERE Comrade Ossovsky directs his fire upon me. Lenin grasped the fact that our state is already in a condition of degeneration, and to throw doubts upon the existence of the proletarian dictatorship in our country. tarian party, would obviously place questions on the agenda aiming at a radical purging of the present Soviet power. Could it be otherwise? This

THIS brings us to the thesis of the degeneration of our whole state apparatus, and of the deviation of our policy, and of the policy of the present Soviet state, from the interests of the broad proletarian masses. Comrade

words:

"The line you take is departing from the line of proletarian revolution, and is deserting more and more the interests of the broad proletarian masses."

THIS is entirely in harmony with the idea that "our state has an extremely non-proletarian character." and with Ossovsky's assertion that we have no workers' state. It harmonizes entirely with the whispers and rumors on the degeneration of the Soviet power at present occupying so much of the time of "pro-new-Soviet" ("Smyenovyekhovzy") elements and various other liberal opponents of our policy. The opposition has pointed out that the numerous bureaucratic groups in our state apparatus are complemented by the equally numerous bureaucratic groups in the eco nomic organs, the co-operatives, the trade unions, etc. It would thus seem that the whole of the groups compos-

WE have been believing in our sim plicity that our party is the vanguard of the proletariat; but now it irns out that it is a bureaucratic lique entirely detached from the masses. We believe the Soviet power o represent a form of the dictator-

thip of the proletariat, but it appear proletarian state, headed by a com-pletely declassed caste. The logical continuance of this train of thought is

conclusion, and are not likely to. I, for my part, believe that the "god" of the Bolsheviki will yet stay their steps in time, and this will be an excellent thing from the standpoint of the interests of the party. But we should be very dense indeed if we did not comprehend that this remarkable ideological development takes a development

upper stratum, the party, the Soviet power, the state and economic organs, are all submerged in a bureaucracy opposed to the interests of the working class, at the same time our subordinate Soviet organs are being subnerged in the peasant petty bour-geoisie. The comrades take the election results and say: "Look, there are peasants in the village Soviets, and there will be more and more of them here—this is the way in which the Soviets are being vitalized." T per stories of our building are flooded by a bureaucratic clique, the lower stories by the petty bourgeoisie, and nothing but complete catastrophe is to be seen on both sides. The two waves will close over our hands and we shall suffocate.

THIS thesis of the submerging of our I village Soviets under a flood of peasants is truly a pearl creative The opposition appears sition. imagine it possible to govern an agri-cultural country in such manner that he working class non-existent in the village is still to maintain a numerical ascendency. How can anyone imagine that the industrial proletariat is to have the majority in the village Soviets? Anyone who can arrive at such an idea must truly have a cabbage in place of a head. (Applause.)

## Resolutions Adopted by I. L.

Resolution for General Amnesty in Poland.

against the workers and peasants, and their organizations and press. sands of workers and peasants are in prison, sentenced or held for trial un-der the laws of former czars and kal-The news that has just arrived of the arrest of three peasant party deputies, whose parliamentary immunity Pilsudski is attempting to lift for the purpose of prosecuting them, is the latest instance of suppression.

The workers' press is suppressed and all publications are prevented or confiscated. The militant workers' and peasants' economic, political and educational organizations are sup-pressed and their headquarters are losed by the government. Even our sister organization, the Labor Defense of Poland, is suppressed and is obliged to function illegally. The government utilizes a system of provocations, em-ploying hundreds of provocateurs, who are well paid to use their imaginations n discovering "secret organizations" so that hundreds of workers and peas-ants are arrested and thrown into jail. EMERGENCY courts are constantly at work and death sentences met ed out to workers and peasants. These tollers, and the national minorities fighting for their independence, are submitted to most inhuman tortures ings. Many of them are maimed for the rest of their lives and a number of

pers, periodicals, food, clothing and other necessities. These prisons are unsanitary and unheated. The prisoners must sleep on rotten straw sacks and are denied light in their cells. Hundreds and thousands of wives, mothers and children are starying while their supporters are kept imprisoned by the government.

THE present Bartel-Pilsudski government which came to power thru a coup d'etate against the former Witos government, not only did not halt these persecutions but threw into who had been arrested by Pilsudski during the coup d'etat in May, it did not liberate the workers and peasants. In has, on the contrary, pro longed martial law, emergency counts. and death sentences.

The masses of Poland, workers and intellectuals, are aroused and are pro-testing by demanding general am-

But the government is deaf.

The delegates to the second annual

conference of International Labor De fense, representing tens of thousands of American workers, join with the demand for the cessation of persecutions in Poland against workers and peasants and national minorities We demand the immediate granting

government yields to the firm demands of the workers all over the world, we will use every means at our disposal to arouse the protest of American workers against the situation that exists today in Poland.

We resolve that this resolution be sent to the Polish premier, Bartel, and copies to the Polish ambassador in Washington, and to the press.

## Registration Shows Big Drop in Capital City of Steel and Coal

By GEORGE PAPCUN.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 26.-It is of these 330,000 voters only 44,000 regtered to vote in the coming election or United States senator and for the

state legislature.
The politicians are making a holler submitted to most inhuman tortures at the time of investigations and hear it means is that they (who are the checked spread of epidemics, but workers and in the majority) are los- strict preventative measures are still the rest of their lives and a number of them are maimed for the rest of their lives and a number of them are killed or die a few days after these "hearings." Those in prison, in many cases, must conduct hunger strikes for such elementary rights as visits from relatives and friends, for permission to receive letters, newspared to the registration of the registration of the registration where the registration in the majority) are loss that the research content of the present electoral systems. In 1921 there were 148,924 registered. Then there was a drop in 1925 to 117,087, now the drop comes down to 44,000. As yet there is an other registration day, but capitalist DAILY WORKER sent to you regularly to take to your trade union meeting?

will be very light and they do not ex pect it to go much higher

The last registration day will be Oct. 2. It seems startling to the lib-eral section of the capitalist parties that is trying to capitalize the slush in the republican primary to try to get into power. Newspapers are writ-PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 26.—It is ing editorials, petty bourgeois organistimated that there are 330,000 per-zations are starting campaigns of all ons of voting age in Pittsburgh. Out kinds to try to get the workers to register so they will be ready to vote election day and again be fooled.

Florida Disease Menace Lessened.

WEST PALM BEACH, Flo., Sept. 26

## LAST WORDS ON EVOLUTION

By ERNEST HAECKEL

proletarian state, headed by a completely declassed caste. The logical continuance of this train of thought is bound to lead sooner or later to the idea of the overthrow of the Soviet power—it can lead nowhere else.

And I repeat: Were I personally convinced that the situation among us has reached a point at which we have no longer a dictatorship of the working class, and we are being ruled by an oligarchy detaching itself from the interests of the broad masses, then my only conclusion would be that of Kautsky: Overthrow of the ruling power. Our comrades of the opposition have not yet reached this logical conclusion, and are not likely to. I, for my part, believe that the "god" of the Bolsheviki will yet stay their sense-perception, and the four that lie The Rumor of Submerging of Soviets in the Peasant Petty Bourgeolsie.

There is another assertion of the opposition which tends in the same direction, the thesis that whilst our of the placentals, the ligher ungulates (for a contraction of the company). (horse, elephant), the carnivores (for dog), and especially the primates, that the phronema attains the high grade of development that leads us from the anthropoid apes direct to the savage and from him to civilized man.

We have learned a good deal about the special significance of the various parts of the brain, as organs of spe cific functions, by the progress of the modern science of experimental phys

(Continued from previous issue)

It is particularly interesting to glance at the central nervous system of the vertebrates, the great stem of which we regard ourselves as the crowning point. Here again the anato-that these various parts of the world. of the vertebrates, the great stem of which we regard ourselves as the crowning point. Here again the anatomical and embryological facts speak a clear and unambiguous language. In all vertebrates, from the lowest fighes up to man, the psychic organ makes its appearance in the embryo in the same form—a simple cylindrical tube on the dorsal side of the embryonic body, in the middle line. The anterior section of this "medullary tube" experiments. Diseases in these various areas show how their functions are partially or totally extinguished when the cerebral cells that compose the spinal cord. The cerebral vesicle divides, by transverse constrictions, into three, then four, and eventually five vesicles. The most importhe finest changes in the diseased cells, and so explain the nature of the disease, did pioneer work. I still remember very well a spectacle of this kind (in the summer of 1855, at Wurz burg), which made a deep impression on me. Virchow's sharp eye had de-tected a small suspicious spot in the cerebrum of a lunatic, the there seemed to be nothing remarkable about it on superficial examination. He handed it to me for microscopic examination, and I found that a large number of the ganglionic cells were affected, partly by fatty degeneration and partly by calcification. The lumit nous remarks that my great teacher made on these and similar finds in other cases of mental disorder, confirmed my conviction of the unity of the human organism and the insepa-rable connection of mind and body, which he himself at that time ex life for Dualism and Mysticism twenty years afterwards (especially after his Munich speech in 1877), we must at-tribute this partly to his psychologithe last chapter

(Continued Tomorrow)

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